Data Sheet (Cat.No.T2901)



Daidzin

Chemical Properties

CAS No.: 552-66-9 Formula: C21H20O9

Molecular Weight: 416.38

Appearance: no data available

Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year

Biological Description

Description	Daidzin (Daidzoside) is an isoflavone isolated from soya bean with anti-oxidant, anti-carcinogenic, and anti-atherosclerotic activities.				
Targets(IC50)	Dehydrogenase,Reverse Transcriptase,Mitochondrial Metabolism				
In vitro	Daidzin, a glycoside of daidzein, increases the transcriptional activity of RAR α and RAR γ but does not bind to the RARs[1]. Daidzin does not inhibit human class 1, 11, or III alcohol dehydrogenases, nor does it have any significant effect on biological systems that are known to be affected by other isoflavones. Daidzin inhibits human ALDH-I and ALDH-II in a concentration-dependent manner. Daidzin inhibits both ALDH-I and ALDH-in an apparently competitive manner with Ki values of 40 nM and 20 μ M, respectively, and it inhibits ALDH-I uncompetitively with respect to NAD+. The inhibition of ALDH-I by daidzin is reversible[3].				
In vivo	Daidzin has no effect on alcohol-metabolizing enzymes(i.e., ADH and ALDH) when given to rats intragastrically. Chronic daidzin administration exerts an effect on alcohol pharmacokinetics, although the effect is less pronounced than when the compound is administered concurrently with ethanol. The compound is shown to shorten sleep time it ethanol is given intragastrically, but not when given intraperitoneally, indicating absence of effect on ethanol elimination rate. Daidzin delays ethanol absorption and lessens alcohol intoxication. The compound is shown to suppress the levels of BAC(blood alcohol concentration) for the first 3 hr after alcohol ingestion in both fasted and fed rats. These effects of daidzin may in part be due to its antioxidant activity[2].				
Cell Research	CV-1 cells are transfected with 100 ng ERE-Luc and 50 ng ER-RARα or ER-RARγ. Transfected cells are treated with the indicated isoflavone at 0.5, 1, 10, 50, and 100 μ M for 24 h. The β-Gal activity is used to normalize luciferase activity. (Only for Reference)				

Solubility Information

Solubility	H2O: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), Omegaple in the state of the s		
	mM), Ethanol: 4 mg/mL (9.6 mM), (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly		
	soluble or insoluble)		

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Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	2.4017 mL	12.0083 mL	24.0165 mL
5 mM	0.4803 mL	2.4017 mL	4.8033 mL
10 mM	0.2402 mL	1.2008 mL	2.4017 mL
50 mM	0.048 mL	0.2402 mL	0.4803 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Reference

Yuan Q, Cao S, Dong Q, et al. ALDH2 Activation Inhibited Cardiac Fibroblast-to-Myofibroblast Transformation Via the TGF-β1/Smad Signaling Pathway. Journal of cardiovascular pharmacology. 2019 Apr;73(4): 248-256.

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