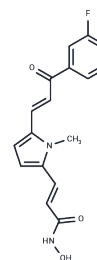


MC1568

Chemical Properties

CAS No. : 852475-26-4
Formula: C₁₇H₁₅FN₂O₃
Molecular Weight: 314.31
Appearance: no data available
Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year



Biological Description

Description	MC1568 is a specific HDAC inhibitor for maize HD1-A (IC ₅₀ : 100 nM, in a cell-free assay). It is 34-fold more selective for HD1-A than HD1-B.
Targets(IC ₅₀)	HDAC
In vitro	In pancreatic transplantation research, MC1568 significantly enhances endocrine β and δ -cells and increases the expression of Pax4. In vivo in mice, MC1568 (50 mg/kg) selectively and markedly inhibits HDAC. Within PPRE-Luc mice, MC1568 (50 mg/kg) specifically disrupts PPAR γ signaling in the heart and adipose tissues. When acting on skeletal muscle and heart, MC1568 inhibits the activity of HDAC4/5 without affecting HDAC3 activity, leaving the MEF2-HDAC complex in an inactive state.
In vivo	MC1568 selectively inhibits HDAC class II with an IC ₅₀ of 220 nM, showing 176 times greater selectivity compared to class I HDACs. In C2C12 cells, MC1568 (5 μ M) stabilizes the HDAC4-HDAC3-MEF2 (Myocyte Enhancer Factor 2D) complex by reducing MEF2D expression, blocking myogenic differentiation through inhibition of MEF2D acetylation. Additionally, MC1568 at 5 or 10 μ M disrupts the RAR (Retinoic Acid Receptor) and PPAR γ (Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor Gamma)-mediated differentiation signaling pathways. In MCF-7 cells, a concentration of 20 μ M MC1568 enhances the accumulation of acetylated H3 and H4 histones and acetylated tubulin levels, indicating inhibition of HDAC6. Experiments with human breast cancer ZR-75.1 cell lysates show that MC1568 does not inhibit HDAC1 but does inhibit HDAC4. In F9 cells, MC1568 selectively inhibits endodermal differentiation without affecting VA (Vitamin A)-induced maturation in early promyelocytic NB4 cells. Furthermore, in 3T3-L1 cells, MC1568 reduces PPAR γ -induced adipogenesis.
Kinase Assay	Maize HD2, HD1-B, and HD1-A Enzyme Inhibition.: The enzyme liberates tritiated acetic acid from the substrate, which is quantified by scintillation counting. IC ₅₀ values are results of triple determinations. A 50 μ L sample of maize enzyme (at 30 °C) is incubated (30 min) with 10 μ L of total [3H]acetate-prelabeled chicken reticulocyte histones (2 mg/mL). Reaction is stopped by addition of 50 μ L of 1 M HCl/0.4 M acetate and 800 μ L of ethyl acetate. After centrifugation (1 $\times$ 10 ⁴ g, 5 min), an aliquot of 600 μ L of the upper phase is counted for radioactivity in 3 mL of liquid scintillation cocktail. MC1568 is tested at a starting concentration of 40 μ M, and active substances are diluted further. NaB, VPA, TSA, SAHA, 85 TPX, HC-toxin, and tubacin are used as the reference compounds, and blank solvents are used as negative controls.

Cell Research	The 3T3-L1 cells are propagated and differentiated using a cocktail of isobutylmethylxanthine, dexamethasone, and insulin. From the second day post-confluence and throughout the differentiation period of 8 days, the 3T3-L1 cells are induced by: (1) no induction: at post-confluence and throughout the differentiation period of 8 days, the cells are incubated with DMSO or MC1568. (2) troglitazone: at post-confluence and throughout the differentiation period of 8 days, the cells are induced with 5 μ M troglitazone, MC1568, or both. (3) rosiglitazone: at post-confluence and throughout the differentiation period of 8 days, the cells are incubated with 1 μ M rosiglitazone and either DMSO or MC1568. (4) rosiglitazone and dexamethasone: at post-confluence, the cells received 1 μ M of rosiglitazone and 390 ng/mL dexamethasone. Throughout the differentiation period of 8 days, the cells are induced with 1 μ M of rosiglitazone and either DMSO or MC1568. All medium is renewed every second day.(Only for Reference)
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Solubility Information

Solubility	H2O: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), Ethanol: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), DMSO: 11 mg/mL (35 mM), < 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
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Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	3.1816 mL	15.9079 mL	31.8157 mL
5 mM	0.6363 mL	3.1816 mL	6.3631 mL
10 mM	0.3182 mL	1.5908 mL	3.1816 mL
50 mM	0.0636 mL	0.3182 mL	0.6363 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Reference

- Mai A, et al. J Med Chem, 2005, 48(9), 3344-3353.
Duong V, et al. Mol Cancer Res, 2008, 6(12), 1908-1919.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

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