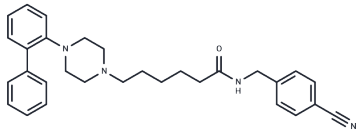
Data Sheet (Cat.No.T5387)

TargetMol
YOUR TARGET MOLECULES

LP-211

Chemical Properties



CAS No. : 1052147-86-0

Formula: C30H34N4O

Molecular Weight: 466.62

Appearance: no data available

Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year

Biological Description

Description	LP-211 is a brain penetrant selective agonist for a 5-HT7 receptor (Ki: 0.58 nM), and >300-fold selectivity over the 5-HT1A receptor.
Targets(IC50)	Dopamine Receptor,5-HT Receptor
In vitro	LP-211 showed high 5-HT 7 receptor affinity (Ki = 0.58 nM), high selectivity over 5-HT 1A and D 2 receptors (324- and 245-fold, respectively), and agonist properties (maximal effect = 82%, EC 50 = 0.60 microM) [1]. Pretreatment with LP-211 had no effect on Fos-like immunoreactivity but strongly increased the response produced by capsaicin [2].
In vivo	After intraperitoneal injection in mice, LP-211 (10 mg/kg) rapidly reached the systemic circulation and entered the brain. Its brain concentration-time profile paralleled that in plasma [1]. SCI rats responded to LP-211 (0.003-0.3, mg/kg, i.v.) with dose-dependent increases in bladder capacity and residual volume [3]. LP-211 reduced synaptic integration in layer 5 pyramidal neurons, which was enhanced in neuropathic pain due to a dysfunction of dendritic hyperpolarization-activated-and-cyclic-nucleotide-regulated (HCN) channels [4].
Kinase Assay	Human 5-HT1A serotonin receptors stably expressed in HEK293 cells were radiolabeled with 1.0 nM [3H]-8-OH-DPAT. Samples containing 40 µg of membrane protein and different concentrations of each compound ranging from 0.1 nM to 10 µM were incubated in a final volume of 500 µL of 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4, 5 mM MgSO4 for 120 min at 37 °C. After this incubation time, samples were filtered through GF/C presoaked in polyethylenimine 0.5% for at least 30 min prior to use. The filters were washed twice with 1 mL of ice-cold buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4). Nonspecific binding was determined in the presence of 10 µM 5-HT [1].
Animal Research	Mice were given the test compounds intraperitoneally (10 mg/kg) and were killed by decapitation at various times thereafter. Mixed arteriovenous trunk blood was collected in heparinized tubes, centrifuged at 3000g for 10 min, and the plasma was stored at -20 °C. Brain was removed immediately, blotted with paper to remove surface blood, and quickly frozen in dry ice. Compounds and their 1-arylpiperazine metabolites were extracted from plasma and brain homogenate and quantified by reversed-phase HPLC with UV detection (230 nm). Briefly: to 0.1 mL of plasma, 0.2 mL of 20 mM of ammonium bicarbonate and 0.02 mL of a methanolic solution of the internal standard (100 µg/mL) were added; samples were then extracted twice with 1.5 mL of hexane containing 1% of isoamyl alcohol, and the combined extracts were evaporated to dryness and

reconstituted in 0.15 mL of the mobile phase, which was injected into the chromatographic column. Brain tissue was homogenized in distilled water (1 g/10 mL), and 1 mL of the homogenate was extracted twice with 1.5 mL of hexane/isoamyl alcohol as described for plasma. Then, the organic phase was shaken with 0.2 mL of the mobile phase (LP-211 only); after centrifugation, 0.1 mL of the aqueous phase was injected into the chromatographic column [1].

Solubility Information

Solubility	DMSO: 90 mg/mL (192.87 mM), (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)

Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	2.1431 mL	10.7154 mL	21.4307 mL
5 mM	0.4286 mL	2.1431 mL	4.2861 mL
10 mM	0.2143 mL	1.0715 mL	2.1431 mL
50 mM	0.0429 mL	0.2143 mL	0.4286 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Reference

Leopoldo M, et al. Structural modifications of N-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-4-aryl-1-piperazinehexanamides: influence on lipophilicity and 5-HT7 receptor activity. Part III. J Med Chem. 2008 Sep 25;51