

GIP (human) acetate

Chemical Properties

CAS No. :

Formula:

Molecular Weight:

Appearance: no data available

Storage: keep away from moisture
Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year

H-Tyr-Ala-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Ile-Ser-
Asp-Tyr-Ser-Ile-Ala-Met-Asp-Lys-Ile-
His-Gln-Gln-Asp-Phe-Val-Asn-Trp-
Leu-Leu-Ala-Gln-Lys-Gly-Lys-Lys-
Asn-Asp-Trp-Lys-His-Asn-Ile-Thr-
Gln-OH (acetate salt)

Biological Description

Description	GIP (human) acetate is a stimulator of glucose-dependent insulin secretion and a weak inhibitor of gastric acid secretion. GIP (human) acetate plays a vital role in lipid metabolism and the development of obesity.
Targets(IC50)	IGF-1R
In vitro	GIP (human) acetate acts as an incretin hormone released from intestinal K cells in response to nutrient ingestion. Gastric Inhibitory Polypeptide (GIP) exerts various peripheral effects on adipose tissue and lipid metabolism, thereby leading to increased lipid deposition in the postprandial state[3].

Solubility Information

Solubility	DMSO: 20mg/mL H2O: 20mg/mL (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
------------	--

Reference

Miyachi A, et al. Quantitative analytical method for determining the levels of gastric inhibitory polypeptides GIP1-42 and GIP3-42 in human plasma using LC-MS/MS/MS. J Proteome Res. 2013;12(6):2690-2699.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

This product is for Research Use Only. Not for Human or Veterinary or Therapeutic Use

Tel:781-999-4286 E_mail:info@targetmol.com Address:36 Washington Street,Wellesley Hills,MA 02481