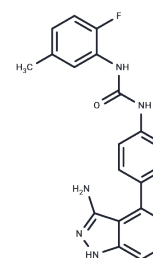


Linifanib

Chemical Properties

CAS No. :	796967-16-3
Formula:	C ₂₁ H ₁₈ FN ₅ O
Molecular Weight:	375.4
Storage:	Powder: -20°C for 3 years In solvent: -80°C for 1 year Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.



Biological Description

Description	Linifanib (AL-39324) (ABT-869) is a novel, potent ATP-competitive VEGFR/PDGFR inhibitor for KDR (IC ₅₀ : 4 nM), CSF-1R (IC ₅₀ : 3 nM), Flt-1/3 (IC ₅₀ : 3/4 nM) and PDGFRβ (IC ₅₀ : 66 nM). Linifanib may exhibit potent antiproliferative and apoptotic effects on tumor cells whose proliferation is dependent on mutant kinases, such as FMS-related tyrosine kinase receptor-3 (FLT3).
Targets(IC ₅₀)	Apoptosis,c-Fms,FLT,Autophagy,c-Kit,CSF-1R,PDGFR,VEGFR
In vitro	In lung tissue, Linifanib (0.3 mg/kg) completely inhibits the phosphorylation of vascular endothelial growth factor receptors. On the cornea, Linifanib administered twice daily at doses of 7.5/15 mg/kg significantly inhibits vascularization induced by recombinant basic fibroblast growth factor and vascular endothelial growth factor. In MDA-231 xenograft tumors, Linifanib (12.5 mg/kg, twice daily) reduces microvessel density. Linifanib also suppresses the edema response (ED ₅₀ : 0.5 mg/kg). When applied to xenograft tumor models including HT1080, H526, MX-1, and DLD-1, Linifanib inhibits tumor growth (ED ₇₅ : 4.5-12 mg/kg). In the HT1080 fibrosarcoma model, the C _{max} and AUC ₂₄ of Linifanib are 0.4 μg/mL and 2.7 μg·hour/mL, respectively.
In vivo	Linifanib (ABT-869) inhibits the proliferation of human umbilical vein endothelial cells stimulated by vascular endothelial growth factor, exhibiting an inhibitory concentration (IC ₅₀) of 0.2 nM. In kinase assays, Linifanib shows inhibition of Kit (IC ₅₀ : 14 nM), PDGFRβ (IC ₅₀ : 66 nM), and Flt4 (IC ₅₀ : 190 nM). It also suppresses ligand-induced phosphorylation of KDR (IC ₅₀ : 2 nM), PDGFR-β (IC ₅₀ : 2 nM), KIT (IC ₅₀ : 31 nM), and CSF-1R (IC ₅₀ : 10 nM) at the cellular level, with serum proteins affecting its potency. In Ba/F3 FLT3 ITD cells, Linifanib (10 nM) reduces the phosphorylation of Akt at Ser473 and GSK3β at Ser9. However, ABT-869 has minimal impact on tumor cells not stimulated by vascular endothelial growth factor or platelet-derived growth factor, except for MV4-11 leukemia cells, which possess a constitutively active form of Flt3 (IC ₅₀ : 4 nM). Linifanib binds to the ATP-binding site of CSF-1R (K _i : 3 nM).
Kinase Assay	Kinase assays: Potencies (IC ₅₀ values) are determined by assays of active kinase domains cloned and expressed in baculovirus using the FastBacbaculovirus expression system or obtained commercially. For tyrosine kinase assays, a biotinylated peptide substrate containing a single tyrosine is used with 1 mM ATP, anEu-cryptate-labeled anti-phosphotyrosine antibody (PT66), and Streptavidin-APC in a homogeneous time-resolved fluorescence assay. Serine/threonine kinases are assayed using 5 μM ATP, [33P]ATP, and a biotinylated peptide substrate with peptide capture and incorporation

Kinase Assay	of 33P determined using a SA-Flashplate. Linifanib is assayed at multiple concentrations prepared by serial dilution of a DMSO stock solution of Linifanib. The concentration resulting in 50% inhibition of activity is calculated using nonlinear regression analysis of the concentration response data.
Cell Research	Cells are seeded into 96-well plates at 2.5×10^3 per well and incubated with serum-free medium for 24 hours. Linifanib and VEGF (final, 10 ng/mL) are added and incubated for 72 hours in serum-free medium. For carcinoma cell lines, 3×10^3 cells/well are plated overnight in full growth medium. Linifanib is added to the cells in full growth medium and incubated for 72 hours. For leukemia cells, generally 5×10^4 per well are plated in full growth medium, Linifanib is added, and incubated for 72 hours. The effects on proliferation are determined by addition of Alamar Blue (final solution, 10%), incubation for 4 hours at 37 °C in a CO2 incubator and analysis in a fluorescence plate reader (544 nm, excitation: 590 nm, emission(Only for Reference))

Solubility Information

Solubility	Ethanol: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), DMSO: 250 mg/mL (665.96 mM),Sonication is recommended. H2O: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
In vivo Formulation	10% DMSO+40% PEG300+5% Tween 80+45% Saline: 1 mg/mL (2.66 mM),Sonication is recommended. <i>Please add the solvents sequentially, clarifying the solution as much as possible before adding the next one. Dissolve by heating and/or sonication if necessary. Working solution is recommended to be prepared and used immediately. The formulation provided above is for reference purposes only. In vivo formulations may vary and should be modified based on specific experimental conditions.</i>

Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	2.6638 mL	13.3191 mL	26.6383 mL
5 mM	0.5328 mL	2.6638 mL	5.3277 mL
10 mM	0.2664 mL	1.3319 mL	2.6638 mL
50 mM	0.0533 mL	0.2664 mL	0.5328 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

Reference

- Albert DH, et al. Mol Cancer Ther, 2006, 5(4), 995-1006.
- Guo J, et al. Mol Cancer Ther, 2006, 5(4), 12007-12013.
- Hernandez-Davies JE, et al. Mol Cancer Ther, 2011, 10(6), 949-959.
- Jasinghe VJ, et al. J Hepatol. 2008, 49(6), 1985-1997.

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