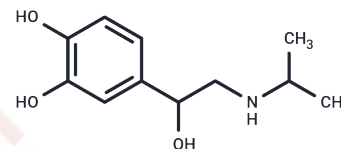


Isoprenaline

Chemical Properties

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CAS No. : | 7683-59-2 |
| Formula: | C ₁₁ H ₁₇ NO ₃ |
| Molecular Weight: | 211.26 |
| Storage: | Store at low temperature Powder: -20°C for 3 years In solvent: -80°C for 1 year <small>Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.</small> |



Biological Description

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Description | Isoprenaline(Norisodrine) is a non-selective and orally active β -adrenoceptor agonist. Isoproterenol is a potent peripheral vasodilator and bronchodilator. Isoproterenol can be used in the study of bradycardia and bronchial asthma for the treatment of heart block, bradycardia. |
| Targets(IC50) | Endogenous Metabolite, Adrenergic Receptor |
| In vitro | Isoproterenol (300 nM, 3 minutes) increased the activity of low-Km cAMP Phosphodiesterase (cAMP PDE) inhibited by granule cGMP and cilostamide by about 100% in intact rat adipocytes.[1] Isoprenaline (20 nM) increases the amplitude of total iK and causes a negative shift of approximately 10 mV in the activation curve for iK , both in the absence and in the presence of 300 nM nisoldipine to block the L-type Ca^{2+} current. Isoprenaline increases the spontaneous pacemaker rate of sino-atrial node pacemaker cells by 16% in rabbit-isolated pacemaker cells.[5] |
| In vivo | Isoproterenol (0.27-0.64 μ g/kg; oral; dog) is widely metabolized in dogs through relatively small amounts of reactions.[6] |

Solubility Information

| | |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Solubility | DMSO: 120 mg/mL (568.02 mM), Sonication is recommended. H ₂ O: Insoluble, (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble) |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

Preparing Stock Solutions

| | 1mg | 5mg | 10mg |
|-------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| 1 mM | 4.7335 mL | 23.6675 mL | 47.335 mL |
| 5 mM | 0.9467 mL | 4.7335 mL | 9.467 mL |
| 10 mM | 0.4734 mL | 2.3668 mL | 4.7335 mL |
| 50 mM | 0.0947 mL | 0.4734 mL | 0.9467 mL |

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

Reference

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- Yu C, et al. Cardioprotective effect of ocotillol, a derivative of pseudoginsenoside F11, on myocardial injury induced by isoproterenol in rats. *Arzneimittelforschung.* 2007;57(9):568-572.

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