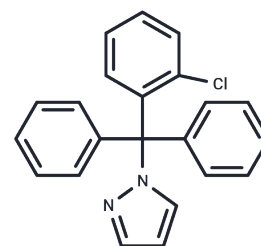


## TRAM-34

## Chemical Properties

CAS No. :	289905-88-0
Formula:	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub>
Molecular Weight:	344.84
Storage:	Powder: -20°C for 3 years   In solvent: -80°C for 1 year Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.



## Biological Description

Description	TRAM-34 (Triaryl methane-34) (K <sub>d</sub> =20 nM), an effective and specific inhibitor of the intermediate-conductance Ca <sup>2+</sup> -activated K <sup>+</sup> channel (IKCa1, KCa3.1), does not block cytochrome P450. The selective activity of TRAM-34 (TRAM 34) is 200 to 1500-fold than other ion channels.
Targets(IC50)	IκB/IKK, Potassium Channel
In vitro	Unlike clotrimazole, TRAM-34 selectively inhibits IKCa1 without blocking cytochrome P450 enzyme (CYP3A4). TRAM-34 potently inhibits cloned IKCa1 channel in IKCa1-transfected COS-7 cells as well as native IKCa currents in human T lymphocytes and T84 cells with K <sub>d</sub> of 20 nM, 25 nM, and 22 nM, respectively, more potently than clotrimazole with K <sub>d</sub> of 70 nM, 100 nM, and 90 nM, respectively. TRAM-34 exhibits 200- to 1,500-fold selectivity over other ion channels such as KV, BKCa, SKCa, Na <sup>+</sup> , CRAC, and Cl <sup>-</sup> channels. TRAM-34 significantly inhibits anti-CD3 Ab or PKC-activator PMA plus calcium-ionophore ionomycin-induced activation of human T lymphocytes with IC <sub>50</sub> of 295-910 nM and 85-830 nM, respectively. TRAM-34 (5 μM) does not inhibit cell viability of human T lymphocytes or several cell lines. [1] TRAM-34 significantly inhibits EGF-induced IKCa1 up-regulation, and EGF-stimulated proliferation of A7r5 cells with IC <sub>50</sub> of 8 nM. [2] TRAM-34 treatment inhibits proliferation of human endometrial cancer (EC) cells and blocks EC cell cycle at G <sub>0</sub> /G <sub>1</sub> phase. [3]
In vivo	TRAM-34 treatment at ~500-1,000 times the channel-blocking dose (0.5 mg/kg/day) for 7 days is nontoxic to mice. [1] Administration of TRAM-34 at 120 mg/kg/day significantly reduces intimal hyperplasia by ~40% in a rat model of balloon catheter injury (BCI). [2] Consistent with its in vitro role in inhibiting the proliferation of EC cells, TRAM-34 treatment at 30 μM slows the development of HEC-1-A tumor in vivo. [3]
Kinase Assay	Electrophysiology: The human IKCa1 is cloned and expressed in COS-7 cells. Cells are studied in the whole-cell configuration of the patch-clamp technique. The holding potential is 280 mV. The internal pipette solution contains: 145 mM K <sup>+</sup> aspartate, 2 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub> , 10 mM Hepes, 10 mM K <sub>2</sub> EGTA, and 8.5 mM CaCl <sub>2</sub> (1 μM free Ca <sup>2+</sup> ), pH 7.2, 290-310 mOsm. To reduce currents from the native chloride channels in COS-7 cells, Na <sup>+</sup> aspartate Ringer is used as an external solution: 160 mM Na <sup>+</sup> aspartate/4.5 mM KCl/2 mM CaCl <sub>2</sub> /1 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub> /5 mM Hepes, pH 7.4/290-310 mOsm. IKCa currents in COS-7 cells are elicited by 200-ms voltage ramps from -120 mV to 40 mV applied every 10 seconds and the reduction of slope conductance at -80 mV by TRAM-34 taken as a measure of channel block.

## A DRUG SCREENING EXPERT

Cell Research	Cells are exposed to TRAM-34 for 48 hours. After 48 hours, cells are harvested by suction (suspension cells) or by trypsinization (adherent cell lines), centrifuged, resuspended in 0.5 mL PBS containing 1 µg/mL propidium iodide (PI), and red fluorescence measured on a FACScan flow cytometer. The percentage of dead cells is determined by their PI uptake, 104 cells of every sample being analyzed. (Only for Reference)
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### Solubility Information

Solubility	DMSO: 3.5 mg/mL (10.15 mM), Heating is recommended. (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
In vivo Formulation	10% DMSO+40% PEG300+5% Tween 80+45% Saline: 1 mg/mL (2.9 mM), Sonication is recommended. <i>Please add the solvents sequentially, clarifying the solution as much as possible before adding the next one. Dissolve by heating and/or sonication if necessary. Working solution is recommended to be prepared and used immediately. The formulation provided above is for reference purposes only. In vivo formulations may vary and should be modified based on specific experimental conditions.</i>

### Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	2.8999 mL	14.4995 mL	28.999 mL
5 mM	0.580 mL	2.8999 mL	5.7998 mL
10 mM	0.290 mL	1.4499 mL	2.8999 mL
50 mM	0.058 mL	0.290 mL	0.580 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

### Reference

- Wulff H, et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A, 2000, 97(14), 8151-8156.
- Köhler R, et al. Circulation, 2003, 108(9), 1119-1125.
- Wang ZH, et al. Oncogene, 2007, 26(35), 5107-5114.
- Lallet-Daher H, et al. Oncogene, 2009, 28(15), 1792-1806.

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