

CD7 Protein, Cynomolgus, Recombinant (His)

General Information

Synonyms:	CD7 molecule
Protein Construction:	A DNA sequence encoding the Cynomolgus CD7 (XP_005585387.1) (Met1-Pro180) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. Predicted N terminal: Ala 26
Species:	Cynomolgus
Expression Host:	HEK293 Cells
Accession:	XP_005585387.1
Molecular Weight:	17.78 kDa (predicted); 34.84 kDa (reducing conditions)

QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Immobilized Recombinant Cynomolgus CD7 Protein (ECD, His Tag) at 2 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind Recombinant Human SECTM1 / K12 Protein, Biotinylated, The EC50 is 220-660 ng/mL.
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE. > 95 % as determined by SEC-HPLC.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU/µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a 0.22 µm filter, containing PBS, pH 7.4. Typically, a mixture containing 5% to 8% trehalose, mannitol, and 0.01% Tween 80 is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization.

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:
A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) containing reconstitution instructions is included with the products. Please refer to the CoA for detailed information.

Stability & Storage:

It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at -20°C to -80°C for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

The cluster of differentiation (CD) system is commonly used as cell markers in Immunophenotyping. Different kinds of cells in the immune system can be identified through the surface CD molecules which associating with the immune function of the cell. There are more than 320 CD unique clusters and subclusters have been identified. Some of the CD molecules serve as receptors or ligands important to the cell through initiating a signal cascade

which then alter the behavior of the cell. Some CD proteins do not take part in cell signal process but have other functions such as cell adhesion. CD7 is a transmembrane protein that is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily. This protein is found on thymocytes and mature T cells. It plays an essential role in T-cell interactions and also in T-cell / B-cell interaction during early lymphoid development.

Reference

- Zola H, et al. (2007) CD molecules 2006-human cell differentiation molecules. J Immunol Methods. 318 (1-2): 1-5.
Ho IC, et al. (2009) GATA3 and the T-cell lineage: essential functions before and after T-helper-2-cell differentiation. Nat Rev Immunol. 9 (2): 125-35.
Matesanz-Isabel J, et al. (2011) New B-cell CD molecules. Immunology Letters. 134 (2): 104-12.

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