

CXCL14 Protein, Human, Recombinant (His)

General Information

Synonyms:	SCYB14;BRAK;MIP2G;KS1;MIP-2g;chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 14;BMAC;NJAC;KEC
Protein Construction:	A DNA sequence encoding the human CXCL14 (O95715) (Ser35-Glu111) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus. Predicted N terminal: Met
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Accession:	O95715
Molecular Weight:	11.51 kDa (predicted)

QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Activity testing is in progress. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first.
Purity:	> 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	Please contact us for more information.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a 0.22 µm filter, containing 100 mM NaH ₂ PO ₄ , 1M NaCl, pH 6.5. Typically, a mixture containing 5% to 8% trehalose, mannitol, and 0.01% Tween 80 is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization.

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:

A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) containing reconstitution instructions is included with the products. Please refer to the CoA for detailed information.

Stability & Storage:

It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at -20°C to -80°C for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

CXCL14 is a CXC chemokine family that exhibits antimicrobial activity and contains an amphipathic cationic alpha-helical region in the C-terminus, a characteristic structure of antimicrobial peptides (AMPs). CXCL14 is involved in cell recruitment, migration, activation, and homing in liver diseases and have been shown to be upregulated during acute liver injury in animal models. The CXC chemokine ligand 14 (CXCL14) had been shown highly expressed in tumor-associated stromal cells, promoting tumor cell growth, and invasion. The stimulation of

dysregulated CXCL14 expression by *P. gingivalis* may help promote dysbiosis and the development of chronic periodontitis. The level of CXCL14 expression may be a valuable adjuvant parameter to predict the prognosis of patients with oral carcinoma and may be a potential therapeutic target.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

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