

Glypican 3/GPC3 Protein, Human, Recombinant (S495A, mFc)

General Information

Synonyms:	DGSX;SGBS;SGB;GTR2-2;SGBS1;Glypican 3;OCI-5;MXR7;SDYS
Protein Construction:	A DNA sequence encoding the human GPC3 (NP_004475.1, with mutation Ser 495 Ala) (Met1-Ser550) was expressed with the Fc region of mouse IgG2a at the C-terminus. Predicted N terminal: Gln 25
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293 Cells
Accession:	I6QTG3
Molecular Weight:	86.11 kDa (predicted)

QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Immobilized Recombinant Human Glypican 3/GPC3/OCI-5 Protein (495S/A, mFc Tag) (Cat#TMPY-05806) at 2 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Anti-GPC3 Antibody, Human IgG1, the EC50 is 30-90 ng/mL.
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU/µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a 0.22 µm filter, containing PBS, pH 7.4. Typically, a mixture containing 5% to 8% trehalose, mannitol, and 0.01% Tween 80 is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization.

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:
A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) containing reconstitution instructions is included with the products. Please refer to the CoA for detailed information.

Stability & Storage:

It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at -20°C to -80°C for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

Glypican-3, also known as Intestinal protein OCI-5, GPC3, and OCI5, is a member of the glypican family. It belongs to the glypican family and is highly expressed in the lung, liver, and kidney. It is a heparan sulfate proteoglycan, which is overexpressed in various neoplasms such as hepatocellular carcinoma, malignant melanoma, and

testicular yolk sac tumor, and plays an important role in cell growth and differentiation. GPC3 function is tissue-dependent. In some tissues, GPC3 acts as a tumor suppressor gene, whereas in others, it acts as an oncofetal protein. Studies have shown that GPC3 is a reliable marker for hepatocellular carcinoma. The sensitivity and specificity exceed both alpha-fetoprotein and hepatocyte-paraffin1. GPC3 immunohistochemistry can aid in the differentiation of testicular germ cell tumors, being expressed in all yolk sac tumors but not in seminomas. GPC3 expression has also been identified in some squamous cell carcinomas of the lung and clear cell carcinomas of the ovary. The role of GPC3 in melanomas is still controversial. Thus, Glypican-3 is currently regarded as a tumor marker and potential target for immunotherapy. Cancer Immunotherapy Immune Checkpoint Immunotherapy Targeted Therapy

Reference

- Kandil DH, et al. (2009) Glypican-3: a novel diagnostic marker for hepatocellular carcinoma and more. Adv Anat Pathol. 16(2): 125-9.
- Maeda D, et al. (2009) Glypican-3 expression in clear cell adenocarcinoma of the ovary. Mod Pathol. 22(6): 824-32.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

This product is for Research Use Only · Not for Human or Veterinary or Therapeutic Use

Tel: 781-999-4286 E_mail: info@targetmol.com Address: 34 Washington Street, Wellesley Hills, MA 02481