

SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein (Avi & His), Biotinylated

General Information

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Protein Construction: | A DNA sequence encoding the SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Nucleocapsid Protein (YP_009724397.2(335Gly/Ala)) (Met1-Ala419) was expressed with a c-terminal AVI tagged polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. The purified protein was biotinylated in vitro. Predicted N terminal: Met1 |
| Species: | SARS-CoV-2 |
| Expression Host: | Baculovirus Insect Cells |
| Accession: | P0DTC9 |
| Molecular Weight: | 48.91 kDa (predicted) |

QC Testing

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Biological Activity: | Activity testing is in progress. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first. |
| Purity: | > 85 % as determined by SDS-PAGE. |
| Endotoxin: | < 1.0 EU/µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method. |
| Formulation: | Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a 0.22 µm filter, containing 20 mM Tris, 500 mM NaCl, pH8.0, 10% glycerol. Typically, a mixture containing 5% to 8% trehalose, mannitol, and 0.01% Tween 80 is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization. |

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:
A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) containing reconstitution instructions is included with the products. Please refer to the CoA for detailed information.

Stability & Storage:

It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at -20°C to -80°C for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

Coronaviruses are enveloped viruses with a positive-sense RNA genome and with a nucleocapsid of helical symmetry. Coronavirus nucleoproteins localize to the cytoplasm and the nucleolus, a subnuclear structure, in both virus-infected primary cells and in cells transfected with plasmids that express N protein. The coronavirus N protein is required for coronavirus RNA synthesis and has RNA chaperone activity that may be involved in template

A DRUG SCREENING EXPERT

switch. Nucleocapsid protein is the most abundant protein of coronavirus. During virion assembly, N protein binds to viral RNA and leads to the formation of the helical nucleocapsid. Nucleocapsid protein is a highly immunogenic phosphoprotein also implicated in viral genome replication and in modulating cell signaling pathways. Because of the conservation of the N protein sequence and its strong immunogenicity, the N protein of coronavirus is chosen as a diagnostic tool.

Reference

Van Boheemen S, et al. (2012), MBio. 3(6):e00473-12. Bisht H. et al., 2004, Proc Natl Acad Sci. 101 (17): 6641-6. Li W. et al., 2005, Science. 309 (5742): 1864-8.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

This product is for Research Use Only · Not for Human or Veterinary or Therapeutic Use

Tel: 781-999-4286 E_mail: info@targetmol.com Address: 34 Washington Street, Wellesley Hills, MA 02481