

IL-18R alpha Protein, Canine, Recombinant (hFc)

General Information

Synonyms:	interleukin 18 receptor 1
Protein Construction:	A DNA sequence encoding the canine IL18R1 (XP_854199.2) (Met1-Arg327) was expressed with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus. Predicted N terminal: Leu19
Species:	Canine
Expression Host:	HEK293 Cells
Accession:	XP_854199.2
Molecular Weight:	62.9 kDa (predicted); 67-77 kDa (reducing conditions)

QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Activity testing is in progress. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first.
Purity:	> 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU/ μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a 0.22 μ m filter, containing PBS, pH 7.4. Typically, a mixture containing 5% to 8% trehalose, mannitol, and 0.01% Tween 80 is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization.

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:
A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) containing reconstitution instructions is included with the products. Please refer to the CoA for detailed information.

Stability & Storage:

It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at -20°C to -80°C for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

Interleukin-18 receptor 1 (IL18R1) also known as CD218 antigen-like family member A, CDw218a, IL1 receptor-related protein, and CD218a, is an interleukin receptor of the immunoglobulin superfamily. IL18R1 is found expressed in the lung, leukocytes, spleen, liver, thymus, prostate, small intestine, colon, placenta, and heart, and is absent from the brain, skeletal muscle, pancreas, and kidney. A high level of expression is found in Hodgkin disease cell lines. This receptor is specifically bound to interleukin 18 (IL18) and is essential for IL18 mediated

signal transduction. IL18R1 contains 3 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains and 1 TIR domain. It is a single-pass type I membrane protein. IFN-alpha and IL12 are reported to induce the expression of this receptor in NK and T cells. The increased expression of IL18R1 may contribute pathogenically to disease and is therefore a potential therapeutic target. The absence of a genetic association in the IL18R1 gene itself suggests regulation from other parts of the genome, or as part of the inflammatory cascade in multiple sclerosis without a prime genetic cause.

Reference

Nadif R, et al.. (2006) IL18 and IL18R1 polymorphisms, lung CT and fibrosis: A longitudinal study in coal miners. *Eur Respir J.* 28(6): 1100-5.

Haralambieva IH, et al.. (2011) Common SNPs/haplotypes in IL18R1 and IL18 genes are associated with variations in hum oral immunity to smallpox vaccination in Caucasians and African Americans. *J Infect Dis.* 204(3): 433-41.

Hulin-Curtis SL, et al.. (2012) Evaluation of IL18 and IL18R1 polymorphisms: genetic susceptibility to knee osteoarthritis. *Int J Immunogenet.* 39(2): 106-9.

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