

IL-17RB Protein, Human, Recombinant (hFc)

General Information

Synonyms:	IL17RH1;CRL4;interleukin 17 receptor B;IL17BR;EVI27
Protein Construction:	A DNA sequence encoding the human IL17BR (NP_061195.2) (Met1-Gly289) was expressed with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus. Predicted N terminal: Arg 18
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293 Cells
Accession:	Q9NRM6-1
Molecular Weight:	56.9 kDa (predicted); 67 kDa (reducing conditions)

QC Testing

Biological Activity:	1. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. 2. Immobilized human IL17BR-Fc at 10µg/mL (100µL/well) can bind biotinylated human Fc-IL25 . The EC50 of human Fc-IL25 is 4.5-10.4ng/mL.
Purity:	> 85 % as determined by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU/µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a 0.22 µm filter, containing PBS, pH 7.4. Typically, a mixture containing 5% to 8% trehalose, mannitol, and 0.01% Tween 80 is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization.

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:
A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) containing reconstitution instructions is included with the products. Please refer to the CoA for detailed information.

Stability & Storage:

It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at -20°C to -80°C for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

IL17RB (Interleukin 17 Receptor B) is a Protein Coding gene. IL17RB is the receptor for IL17E, the only member of the IL17 family promoting Th2 reactions. IL17RB is induced on human macrophages by IL4 and enhanced by TGFbeta. Overexpression of IL17RB is associated with poor prognosis and the short survival of breast cancer patients.IL17RB/IL17B signaling triggers a substantial increase in cell growth, proliferation, and migration through

the activation of NF-kappaB as well as the up-regulation of the Bcl-2. IL17RB may be the only gene expressed in CD4+ T cells whose transcript measurement is correlated with the variation in IgE level in asthmatics. Diseases associated with IL17RB include Chronic Mucocutaneous Candidiasis and Seborrheic Infantile Dermatitis.

Reference

Rickel EA, et al.. (2008) Identification of functional roles for both IL-17RB and IL-17RA in mediating IL-25-induced activities. *J Immunol.* 181(6): 4299-310.

Stock P, et al.. (2009) Induction of airway hyperreactivity by IL-25 is dependent on a subset of invariant NKT cells expressing IL-17RB. *J Immunol.* 182(8): 5116-22.

Wang H, et al.. (2010) Allergen challenge of peripheral blood mononuclear cells from patients with seasonal allergic rhinitis increases IL-17RB, which regulates basophil apoptosis and degranulation. *Clin Exp Allergy.* 40(8): 1194-202.

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