

## SDF-1 alpha/CXCL12 Protein, Human, Recombinant

### General Information

Synonyms:	SDF1;chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 12;IRH;SCYB12;TPAR1;SDF-1 $\alpha$ ;SDF-1;TLSF;PBSF
Protein Construction:	A DNA sequence encoding the human CXCL12 isoform alpha (P48061-2) (Lys 22-Lys 89) was expressed and purified. Predicted N terminal: Lys 22
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Accession:	P48061-2
Molecular Weight:	8 kDa (predicted)

### QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Activity testing is in progress. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first.
Purity:	$\geq 95\%$ as determined by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin:	$< 1.0$ EU/ $\mu$ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a $0.22\ \mu\text{m}$ filter, containing PBS, pH 7.4. Typically, a mixture containing 5% to 8% trehalose, mannitol, and 0.01% Tween 80 is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization.

### Preparation and Storage

**Reconstitution:**  
Reconstituted with sterile deionized water to 0.25 mg/mL. Reconstitution conditions may vary depending on the lot.

**Stability & Storage:**  
It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$ . For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

**Shipping:**  
In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

### Protein Background

The human stromal cell-derived factor-1 (SDF1), also known as CXCL12, is a small (8 kDa) cytokine highly conserved chemotactic cytokine belonging to the large family of CXC chemokines. SDF1 is expressed in two isoforms from a single gene that encodes two splice variants, SDF1 $\alpha$  and SDF1 $\beta$ , which are identical except for the four residues present in the C-terminus of SDF1 $\beta$  but absent from SDF1 $\alpha$ . The chemokine CXCL12 [stromal cell-derived factor-1 (SDF-1)] binds primarily to CXC receptor 4 (CXCR4; CD184). The binding of CXCL12 to CXCR4

induces intracellular signaling through several divergent pathways initiating signals related to chemotaxis, cell survival and/or proliferation, increase in intracellular calcium, and gene transcription. CXCL12 and CXCR4 that have been widely characterized in peripheral tissues and delineate their main functions in the CNS. Extensive evidence supports CXCL12 as a key regulator for early development of the CNS. In the mature CNS, CXCL12 modulates neurotransmission, neurotoxicity and neuroglial interactions. CXCL12 has crucial roles in the formation of multiple organ systems during embryogenesis and in the regulation of bone marrow haematopoiesis and immune function in the postnatal organism. Although considered an important factor in normal bone metabolism, recent studies implicate CXCL12 in the pathogenesis of several diseases involving the skeleton, including rheumatoid arthritis and cancers that metastasize to bone. The CXCL12/CXCR4 axis is involved in tumor progression, angiogenesis, metastasis, and survival. Pathologically enhanced CXCL12 signaling may promote the formation of new vessels through recruiting circulating endothelial progenitor cells or directly enhancing the migration/growth of endothelial cells. Therefore, CXCL12 signaling represents an important mechanism that regulates brain tumor angiogenesis/vasculogenesis and may provide potential targets for anti-angiogenic therapy in malignant gliomas.

### Reference

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