

B7-H2/ICOSLG Protein, Human, Recombinant (His)

General Information

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Synonyms: | B7RP-1;ICOSLG;ICOS ligand;GL50;inducible T-cell co-stimulator ligand;CD275;LICOS;B7RP1; ICOS-L;ICOSL;B7-h2;B7H2 |
| Protein Construction: | A DNA sequence encoding the human ICOSLG (NP_056074.1) extracellular domain (Met 1-Ser 258) was fused with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. Predicted N terminal: Asp 19 |
| Species: | Human |
| Expression Host: | HEK293 Cells |
| Accession: | A0N0L8 |
| Molecular Weight: | 28 kDa (predicted); 42-62 kDa (reducing condition, due to glycosylation) |

QC Testing

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Biological Activity: | Immobilized Recombinant Human ICOS / AILIM / CD278 Protein (Fc Tag) at 2 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Recombinant Human ICOS Ligand / B7-H2 / ICOSLG Protein (ECD,His Tag), the EC50 is 18-56 ng/mL. |
| Purity: | > 98 % as determined by SDS-PAGE. > 95 % as determined by SEC-HPLC. |
| Endotoxin: | < 1.0 EU/µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method. |
| Formulation: | Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a 0.22 µm filter, containing PBS, pH 7.4. Typically, a mixture containing 5% to 8% trehalose, mannitol, and 0.01% Tween 80 is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization. |

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:

A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) containing reconstitution instructions is included with the products. Please refer to the CoA for detailed information.

Stability & Storage:

It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at -20°C to -80°C for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

Inducible co-stimulator ligand (ICOSL), also known as B7-H2, is a member of the B7 family of co-stimulatory molecules related to B7-1 and B7-2. It is a transmembrane glycoprotein with extracellular IgV and IgC domains and binds to ICOS on activated T cells, thus delivers a positive costimulatory signal for optimal T cell function. The

structural features of ICOSL are crucial for its costimulatory function. The present study shows that ICOSL displays a marked oligomerization potential, resembling more like B7-1 than B7-2. B7-H2-dependent signaling may play an active role in a proliferative response rather than in cytokine and chemokine production. The CD28/B7 and ICOS/B7-H2 pathways are both critical for costimulating T cell immune responses. Deficiency in either pathway results in defective T cell activation, cytokine production, and germinal center formation. Cancer Immunotherapy Co-stimulatory Immune Checkpoint Targets Immune Checkpoint Immune Checkpoint Detection: Antibodies Immune Checkpoint Detection: ELISA Antibodies Immune Checkpoint Detection: FCM Antibodies Immune Checkpoint Detection: WB Antibodies Immune Checkpoint Targets Immunotherapy Targeted Therapy

Reference

- Flesch IE. (2002) Inducible costimulator-ligand (ICOS-L). *J Biol Regul Homeost Agents*. 16(3): 217-9.
- Kajiwara K, et al. (2009) Expression and function of the inducible costimulator ligand B7-H2 in human airway smooth muscle cells. *Allergol Int*. 58(4): 573-83.
- Wong SC, et al. (2009) Functional hierarchy and relative contribution of the CD28/B7 and ICOS/B7-H2 costimulatory pathways to T cell-mediated delayed-type hypersensitivity. *Cell Immunol*. 256(1-2): 64-71.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

This product is for Research Use Only · Not for Human or Veterinary or Therapeutic Use

Tel: 781-999-4286 E_mail: info@targetmol.com Address: 34 Washington Street, Wellesley Hills, MA 02481