

β -Amyloid (1-42), rat/mouse TFA

Chemical Properties

CAS No. :

Formula:

Molecular Weight: 4532.04

Store at low temperature,Keep away from moisture

Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Biological Description

Description	β -Amyloid (1-42), rat/mouse TFA is a 42-amino-acid polypeptide fragment that exhibits neurotoxicity to hippocampal slices and is commonly used to establish Alzheimer's disease models for related research.
Targets(IC50)	Others
In vitro	β -Amyloid Aggregation Guidelines (This protocol provides only a guideline and should be modified according to your specific needs). Dissolve the solid A β peptide in cold hexafluoro-2-propanol (HFIP). Incubate the peptide at room temperature for at least 1 hour to establish monomerization and randomization of the structural formation.Evaporate HFIP to preserve the obtained peptide in a film form at -20 or -80°C.Dissolve the obtained film in anhydrous DMSO (5 mM) and then vortex to dilute it to an appropriate concentration in a buffer (serum-free and phenol red-free medium).Subsequently, age the solution at 4-8°C for 48 hours. Centrifuge the samples at 14,000 g for 10 minutes at 4-8°C; soluble oligomers will be present in the supernatant. Dilute the supernatant 10-200 times for experimental use.The method may vary based on downstream applications.

Solubility Information

Solubility	DMSO: 50 mg/mL (11.03 mM),Sonication is recommended. (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
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Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	0.2207 mL	1.1033 mL	2.2065 mL
5 mM	0.0441 mL	0.2207 mL	0.4413 mL
10 mM	0.0221 mL	0.1103 mL	0.2207 mL
50 mM	0.0044 mL	0.0221 mL	0.0441 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

Reference

Mozes E, et al. A novel method for the rapid determination of beta-amyloid toxicity on acute hippocampal slices using MTT and LDH assays. *Brain Res Bull.* 2012 Apr 10;87(6):521-5.

Stefania Sabella, et al. Capillary electrophoresis studies on the aggregation process of beta-amyloid 1-42 and 1-40 peptides. *Electrophoresis.* 2004 Oct;25(18-19):3186-94.

Lagunes T, et al. Abeta(1-42) induces abnormal alternative splicing of tau exons 2/3 in NGF-induced PC12 cells. *An Acad Bras Cienc.* 2014 Dec;86(4):1927-34.

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