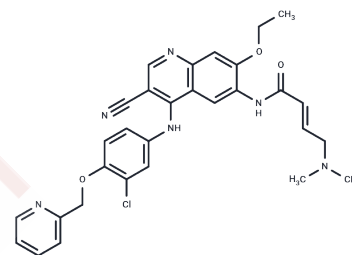


Neratinib

Chemical Properties

CAS No. :	698387-09-6
Formula:	C ₃₀ H ₂₉ ClN ₆ O ₃
Molecular Weight:	557.04
Storage:	Powder: -20°C for 3 years In solvent: -80°C for 1 year Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.



Biological Description

Description	Neratinib (HKI-272) (HKI-272) is an orally available, irreversible tyrosine kinase inhibitor for HER2 and EGFR (IC ₅₀ : 59/92 nM), respectively.
Targets(IC ₅₀)	EGFR,HER
In vitro	In a cell-free autophosphorylation assay using the recombinant cytoplasmic domain of HER-2, Neratinib (HKI-272) reduced kinase activity by 50% (IC ₅₀) at a concentration of 59 nM. It weakly inhibited two other tyrosine kinases tested, KDR and src (IC ₅₀ : 800 and 1400 nM). HKI-272 repressed the proliferation of a mouse fibroblast cell line (3T3) transfected with the HER-2 oncogene (3T3/neu) (IC ₅₀ : 3 nM). HKI-272 also inhibited two other HER-2-overexpressing breast cancer cell lines, SK-Br-3, and BT474 (IC ₅₀ : 2 nM). HKI-272 inhibited proliferation of the epidermal carcinoma cell line, A431, that overexpresses EGFR (IC ₅₀ : 81 nM) [1]. Ba/F3 cells expressing EGFRvIII mutants are highly sensitive to HKI-272, (IC ₅₀ : 9.4 nM), as are Ba/F3 cells expressing EGFR-L858R (IC ₅₀ : 3.5 nM); EGFR-L858R-T790M-expressing cells are also sensitive to HKI-272 (IC ₅₀ : 180 nM)
In vivo	HKI-272 reduced tumor growth in a dose-dependent manner when administered orally between 20 mg/kg/day (53% inhibition, day 21) and 80 mg/kg/day (98% inhibition). In a second independent test, HKI-272 showed antitumor effects between 10 mg/kg/day (34% inhibition, day 14) and 40 mg/kg/day (98% inhibition). In xenografts of BT474, HKI-272 treatment repressed tumor growth when administered to animals between 10 mg/kg/day (67% inhibition, day 28) and 40 mg/kg/day (93% inhibition). Phosphorylation of HER-2 was inhibited by 84% within 1 h of administration with HKI-272 (40 mg/kg). Inhibition was sustained at 6 h (97%) and decreased to 43% over 24 h [1]. The three HKI-272 (50 mg/kg, p.o.)-treated mice experienced a more substantial tumor response, an average 88% reduction in tumor volume. Decrease of both total EGFRvIII and phospho-EGFR levels was observed after 1 week of HKI-272 treatment [2].
Kinase Assay	Activity of HER-2 and EGFR cytoplasmic domains was measured by an autophosphorylation assay using time-resolved fluorometry. Compounds were prepared as 10 mg/ml stocks in DMSO and diluted in 25 mM HEPES (pH 7.5; 0.002 ng/ml–20 µg/ml). Enzyme [diluted in 100 mM HEPES (pH 7.5) and 50% glycerol] was incubated with inhibitor in 4 mM HEPES (pH 7.5), 0.4 mM MnCl ₂ , 20 µM sodium vanadate, and 0.2 mM DTT for 15 min at room temperature in 96-well ELISA plates. The kinase reaction was initiated by the addition of 40 µM ATP and 20 mM MgCl ₂ and allowed to proceed for 1 h at room temperature. Plates were washed, and

Kinase Assay	phosphorylation was detected using Europium-labeled anti-phospho-tyrosine antibodies (15 ng/well). After washing and enhancement steps according to the manufacturer's recommendations, signal was detected using a Victor ² fluorescence reader (excitation wavelength 340 nm, emission wavelength 615 nm). The concentration of compound that inhibited receptor phosphorylation by 50% (IC ₅₀) was calculated from inhibition curves [1].
Cell Research	Cells were plated in 96-well tissue culture plates (3T3, 3T3/neu, 5000 cells/well; A431, SK-Br-3, BT474, MDA-MB-435, and SW620, 10,000 cells/well). The following day, dilutions of compound (0.5 ng/ml-5 µg/ml) were added, and cells were cultured for 2 days (6 days for BT474). Cell proliferation was determined using sulforhodamine B, a protein binding dye. Briefly, cells were fixed with 10% trichloroacetic acid and washed extensively with water. Cells were then stained with 0.1% sulforhodamine B and washed in 5% acetic acid. Protein-associated dye was solubilized in 10 mM Tris, and absorbance was measured at 450 nm (Victor ²). Inhibition of cell proliferation was calculated using the formula: percentage of inhibition = 100 * 100 (Td / Tc - To), where Td is the absorbance of drug-treated cells, Tc is the absorbance of untreated cells, and To is the absorbance at the time of drug addition. To values were determined by plating cells separately and fixing them at the time of drug addition. The concentration of compound which inhibits cell proliferation by 50% (IC ₅₀) was determined from inhibition curves [1].
Animal Research	Athymic female nude mice (5 animals/group) were implanted s.c. with BT474 tumor fragments (~ 30 mm ³). When tumors reached 200-300 mg, animals were given a single oral dose (40 mg/kg) of HKI-272 in pH 2.0 water. Tumors from control and treated animals were excised at 1, 3, 6, and 24 h and minced. Tumor fragments were suspended in 10 mM Tris (pH 7.5), 5 mM EDTA, 150 mM NaCl, 1% Triton X-100, 1% sodium deoxycholate, 0.1% SDS, 1 mM phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride, 10 µg/ml pepstatin, 10 µg/ml leupeptin, 10 µg/ml aprotinin, 2 mM sodium vanadate, and 100 mM sodium fluoride and lysed by homogenization on ice with a polytron. After clarification by centrifugation, protein concentration in lysates was estimated using the Bio-Rad DC protein assay. Sixty µg of lysate pooled from each group were analyzed by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotting with phospho-tyrosine-specific antibodies. Pooled extracts were also immunoprecipitated using 4 µg of anti-HER-2 antibodies for 1 h at 4°C. Immune complexes were collected on protein A-agarose, washed, and analyzed by immunoblotting using phospho-tyrosine-specific antibodies. Extracts from individual tumors were analyzed to determine variability between animals [1].

Solubility Information

Solubility	H ₂ O: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), Ethanol: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), DMSO: 5 mg/mL (8.98 mM), Sonication is recommended. (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
In vivo Formulation	10% DMSO+40% PEG300+5% Tween 80+45% Saline: 0.25 mg/mL (0.45 mM), Solution. <i>Please add the solvents sequentially, clarifying the solution as much as possible before adding the next one. Dissolve by heating and/or sonication if necessary. Working solution is recommended to be prepared and used immediately. The formulation provided above is for reference purposes only. In vivo formulations may vary and should be modified based on specific experimental conditions.</i>

Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	1.7952 mL	8.976 mL	17.952 mL
5 mM	0.359 mL	1.7952 mL	3.5904 mL
10 mM	0.1795 mL	0.8976 mL	1.7952 mL
50 mM	0.0359 mL	0.1795 mL	0.359 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

Reference

Canonici A, et al. Neratinib overcomes trastuzumab resistance in HER2 amplified breast cancer. *Oncotarget*. 2013 Oct;4(10):1592-605.

Qiu J, Jiang T, Gong Y, et al. Neratinib Exerts Dual Effects on Cartilage Degradation and Osteoclast Production in Osteoarthritis by Inhibiting the Activation of the Mapk/Nf-Kb Signaling Pathways. *Biochemical Pharmacology*. 2022 Nov;205:115155.

Treekitkarnmongkol W, Shah V, Kai K, et al. Epigenetic activation of SOX11 is associated with recurrence and progression of ductal carcinoma in situ to invasive breast cancer. *British Journal of Cancer*. 2024: 1-13.

Rabindran SK, et al. Antitumor activity of HKI-272, an orally active, irreversible inhibitor of the HER-2 tyrosine kinase. *Cancer Res*. 2004 Jun 1;64(11):3958-65.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

This product is for Research Use Only · Not for Human or Veterinary or Therapeutic Use

Tel: 781-999-4286 E_mail: info@targetmol.com Address: 34 Washington Street, Wellesley Hills, MA 02481