

Tacrolimus

Chemical Properties

CAS No. : 104987-11-3

Formula: C₄₄H₆₉NO₁₂

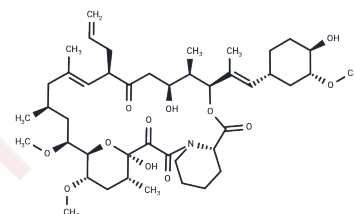
Molecular Weight: 804.02

Storage:

Keep away from direct sunlight, Store under nitrogen,
Store at low temperature

Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.



Biological Description

Description	Tacrolimus (FK506, Fujimycin) is a macrolide immunosuppressant that binds to FKBP12 to form a high-affinity complex ($K_i = 0.2$ nM), which inhibits calcineurin phosphatase activity, thereby suppressing T lymphocyte signal transduction and the transcription and release of IL-2. It exerts potent immunosuppressive effects and can be used to induce immunosuppression models.
Targets(IC50)	Antibacterial, Antibiotic, Autophagy, mTOR, Phosphatase
In vitro	FKBP12 was first isolated from the cytosol of Jurkat T cells, as an abundant, high-affinity receptor for Tacrolimus (FK506; $K_d = 0.2$ nM) [1]. FK506 (100?1,000 µg/l) significantly promoted the proliferation of MH3924A cells. The invasiveness of MH3924A cells was significantly enhanced following treatment with FK506 [2]. FK506 specifically inhibits cellular calcineurin at drug concentrations that inhibit interleukin 2 productions in activated T cells [3].
In vivo	The liver of rats of the normal saline (NS) group was large, with an average weight at 15.56 ± 11.17 g, and the liver of rats of the FK506 group was oversized, with an average weight at 28.19 ± 3.89 g. The rate of lymph node metastasis, as well as the number of pulmonary nodules, were significantly increased in the FK506 compared to the NS group [2]. Behavioral pain assessment revealed an increase in the paw and tail withdrawal threshold in tacrolimus-treated groups against hyperalgesic and allodynic stimuli as compared to the sham control group [4].
Cell Research	Tumor cell proliferation was determined by the MTT. Briefly, after MH3924A cells had reached the logarithmic growth phase, a 0.2-ml cell suspension at 1×10^4 cells/ml was added into each well of a 96-well plate and cultured in DMEM with 10% FBS, 10 µg/l vascular endothelial growth factor and 0.1 g/l heparin for 24 h. When adherent growth was established, different concentrations of FK506 (10, 100 and 1,000 µg/l), AMD3100 (10, 50 and 100 µg/l) and FK506 (0 and 100 µg/l) + AMD3100 (0, 10, 50 and 100 µg/l) were added into the plates. Untreated cells cultured in medium alone were used as controls. After culturing for 48 h, 10 µl MTT (5 g/l) was added, and each well was incubated for 6 h; next, 150 µl/well dimethyl sulfoxide was added, followed by measurements of the absorbance at 570 nm on a spectrophotometer reader. Each well was measured three times, and each sample was assayed in triplicate [2].

Animal Research	Experiments were performed in 16 healthy August Copenhagen Irish rats (male, 16–20 weeks, weighing 240–300 g). The rat model of liver tumor was established as follows: First, MH3924A cells were collected and injected into the alar skin of rats. The tumors were removed from alar skin when grown to 2×1×1 mm ³ , and intrahepatic tumor implantation of rats was performed under aseptic conditions as described previously (25,26). Five days later, rats were randomly divided into two groups: one group was subcutaneously injected with normal saline for 14 days (NS group, n=8, 3 mg/kg/day), and the second group was subcutaneously injected with FK506 for 14 days (FK506 group, n=8, 0.3 mg/kg/day). Forty days following implantation, rats were sacrificed, and the weight of tumor, the volume of the fluid in the ascites, the incidence of lymphatic metastasis in the abdominal cavity and of abdominal wall metastasis were measured. In addition, the lungs were irrigated with 15% Indian ink, followed by counting of the number of metastatic nodules in the lung. The tumor and adjacent tissues, as well as healthy liver tissues, were harvested and preserved in 4% formalin for later use [2].
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Solubility Information

Solubility	Ethanol: 80.4 mg/mL (100 mM),Sonication is recommended. DMSO: 247.5 mg/mL (307.83 mM),Sonication is recommended. (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
In vivo Formulation	10% DMSO+40% PEG300+5% Tween 80+45% Saline: 8.05 mg/mL (10.01 mM),Solution. <i>Please add the solvents sequentially, clarifying the solution as much as possible before adding the next one. Dissolve by heating and/or sonication if necessary. Working solution is recommended to be prepared and used immediately. The formulation provided above is for reference purposes only. In vivo formulations may vary and should be modified based on specific experimental conditions.</i>

Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	1.2438 mL	6.2188 mL	12.4375 mL
5 mM	0.2488 mL	1.2438 mL	2.4875 mL
10 mM	0.1244 mL	0.6219 mL	1.2438 mL
50 mM	0.0249 mL	0.1244 mL	0.2488 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

Reference

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