

M344

Chemical Properties

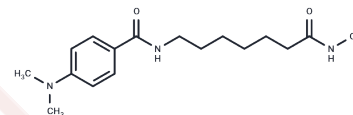
CAS No. : 251456-60-7

Formula: C₁₆H₂₅N₃O₃

Molecular Weight: 307.39

Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.



Biological Description

Description	M344 (Histone Deacetylase Inhibitor III) is a potent HDAC inhibitor with IC ₅₀ of 100 nM and able to induce cell differentiation.
Targets(IC ₅₀)	HDAC
In vivo	In vitro, M344 showed significant antiproliferative activity against endometrial cancer cell lines Ishikawa and ovarian cancer cell line SK-OV-3 with EC ₅₀ of 2.3 μM and 5.1 μM, respectively, whereas normal human endometrial epithelial cells were almost insensitive to M344. M344 was toxic at concentrations higher than 10 μM, and only up to 20% of the surviving cell population was induced to differentiate. In addition, M344 caused a decrease in the proportion of cells in the S-phase and an increase in the proportion of cells in the G ₀ /G ₁ phase of the cell cycle, induced apoptosis, and decreased the transmembrane potential of mitochondria.
Kinase Assay	Enzyme Inhibition : Radioactively labeled chicken core histones are used as the enzyme substrate. The enzyme liberated tritiated acetic acid from the substrate which is quantitated by scintillation counting. IC ₅₀ values are results of triple determinations. 50 μL of maize enzyme (at 30 °C) is incubated (30 minutes) with 10 μL of total [3H]acetate-prelabeled chicken reticulocyte histones (1 mg/mL). Reaction is stopped by addition of 36 μL of 1 M HCl/0.4 M acetate and 800 μL of ethyl acetate. After centrifugation (10000 g, 5 minutes) an aliquot of 600 μL of the upper phase is counted for radioactivity in 3 mL of liquid scintillation cocktail. M344 is tested in a starting concentration of 40 μM, and active substances are diluted further.
Cell Research	MEL DS19 cells (murine erythroleukemia cells) are maintained in D-MEM containing 100 units/mL penicillin G sodium and 100 μg/mL streptomycin sulfate supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum at 37 °C in a 5% CO ₂ atmosphere. To test M344 for potential to induce cell differentiation, log-phase cells with a population doubling time of 11–13 hours are used. Serial dilutions of M344 are prepared in 24-well plates using 1 mL of D-MEM/well. If M344 are dissolved in DMSO, control wells contains the same amount of solvent (generally 2 μL/mL of medium). Subsequently, the cell suspension is added to the wells. After 72 hours the experiment is evaluated. Cell numbers are counted using a Casy 1 TTC flow cytometer. The proliferation of treated cells is expressed as percent proliferation in comparison with the solvent control. Differentiated MEL cells accumulate hemoglobin. Therefore, the induction of cell differentiation is determined by benzidine staining according to the literature. To 100 μL of cell suspension is added 10 μL of a 0.4%

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Cell Research	solution of benzidine in 12% acetic acid containing 2% Water ² . Within 5 minutes hemoglobin-containing cells stains blue. Benzidine-positive and -negative cells are counted under the microscope in a hemocytometer, and the percentage of positive cells is calculated. M344 is first tested at 10 μ M and 50 μ M final concentration. According to activity/toxicity profile, a range of concentrations is chosen for a dose-response analysis. (Only for Reference)
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Solubility Information

Solubility	Ethanol: 4 mg/mL (13.01 mM),Sonication is recommended. H ₂ O: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), DMSO: 62 mg/mL (201.7 mM),Sonication is recommended. (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
In vivo Formulation	10% DMSO+40% PEG300+5% Tween 80+45% Saline: 2 mg/mL (6.51 mM),Sonication is recommended. <i>Please add the solvents sequentially, clarifying the solution as much as possible before adding the next one. Dissolve by heating and/or sonication if necessary. Working solution is recommended to be prepared and used immediately. The formulation provided above is for reference purposes only. In vivo formulations may vary and should be modified based on specific experimental conditions.</i>

Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	3.2532 mL	16.266 mL	32.532 mL
5 mM	0.6506 mL	3.2532 mL	6.5064 mL
10 mM	0.3253 mL	1.6266 mL	3.2532 mL
50 mM	0.0651 mL	0.3253 mL	0.6506 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

Reference

- Jung M, et al. J Med Chem. 1999, 42(22), 4669-4679.
- Takai N, et al. Gynecol Oncol. 2006, 101(1), 108-113.
- Furchert SE, et al. Int J Cancer. 2007, 120(8), 1787-1794.
- St Germain C, et al. Cancer Cell Int. 2010,10, 32.

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