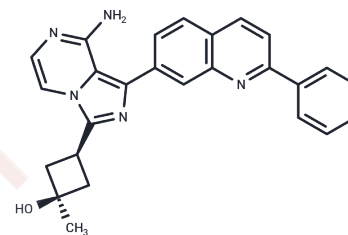


Linsitinib

Chemical Properties

CAS No. :	867160-71-2
Formula:	C ₂₆ H ₂₃ N ₅ O
Molecular Weight:	421.49
Storage:	Store at low temperature Powder: -20°C for 3 years In solvent: -80°C for 1 year <small>Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.</small>



Biological Description

Description	OSI-906 (Linsitinib (OSI-906)) is an orally bioavailable small molecule inhibitor of the insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor (IGF-1R) with potential antineoplastic activity. Linsitinib selectively inhibits IGF-1R, which may result in the inhibition of tumor cell proliferation and the induction of tumor cell apoptosis. Overexpressed in a variety of human cancers, IGF-1R stimulates cell proliferation, enables oncogenic transformation, and suppresses apoptosis.
Targets(IC50)	IGF-1R
In vitro	Linsitinib inhibits IGF-1R autophosphorylation and activation of the downstream signaling proteins Akt, ERK1/2 and S6 kinase with IC50 of 0.028 to 0.13 μM. Linsitinib enables an intermediate conformation of the target protein through interactions with the C-helix. Linsitinib displays favorable metabolic stability in liver microsomes. Linsitinib fully inhibits both IR and IGF-1R phosphorylation at a concentration of 1 μM. Linsitinib inhibits proliferation of several tumor cell lines including non-small-cell lung cancer and colorectal cancer (CRC) tumor cell line with EC50 of 0.021 to 0.810 μM. [1]
In vivo	Linsitinib inhibits tumor growth in an IGF-1R-driven xenograft mouse model, with 100% TGI and 55% regression at a dose of 75 mg/kg and 60% TGI and no regression at a dose of 25 mg/kg. Linsitinib administration induces different elimination half-lives of itself in dog, rat and mice, the elimination half-lives are 1.18 hours, 2.64 hours and 2.14 hours, respectively. Linsitinib administration at different single dose once-daily in femal Sprague-Dawley rat and femal CD-1 mouse reveal that the Vmax is not dose-proportional to Linsitinib dose. Linsitinib elevates the blood glucose levels at a dose of 25 mg/kg after 12 days administration. Linsitinib administration at a single dose of 75 mg/kg in IGF-1R-driven full-length human IGF-1R (LISN) xenograft mouse model achieve maximal inhibition of IGF-1R phosphorylation (80%) between 4 and 24 hours with plasma drug concentrations of 26.6-4.77 μM. [1] Linsitinib administered as a single dose of at 60 mg/kg in NCI-H292 xenografts mice inhibits uptake of glucose at 2, 4, and 24 hours post-treatment in vivo. Linsitinib inhibits the growth of tumors in NCI-H292 xenograft mouse model. [2]
Kinase Assay	Protein kinase biochemical assays: Protein kinase assays are either performed in-house by ELISA-based assay methods (IGF-1R, IR, EGFR and KDR) or at Upstate Inc. by a radiometric method with ATP at 100 μM concentration. In-house ELISA assays use poly (Glu:Tyr) as the substrate bound to the surface of 96-well assay plates and

Kinase Assay	phosphorylation is detected using an antiphosphotyrosine antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase. The bound antibody is quantified using ABTS as the peroxidase substrate by measuring absorbance at 405 / 490 nm. All assays use purified recombinant kinase catalytic domains. Recombinant enzymes of human IGF-1R or EGFR are expressed as an NH ₂ -terminal glutathione S-transferase fusion protein in insect cells and are purified in house. IC ₅₀ values are determined from the sigmoidal dose-response plot of percent inhibition versus log ₁₀ compound concentration. A minimum of three measurements, performed in duplicate, are carried out with in-house assays unless otherwise indicated. OSI-906 at a concentration of 1 μM is profiled versus a panel of kinases using the ProfilerPro™ Kinase Selectivity Assay Kit.
Cell Research	For assays of cell proliferation, cells are seeded into 96-well plates in appropriate media containing FCS 10% and incubated for 3 days in the presence of OSI-906 at various concentrations. Inhibition of cell growth is determined by luminescent quantitation of intracellular ATP content using CellTiterGlo. Data is presented as a fraction of maximal proliferation, calculated by dividing the cellular density in the presence of varying concentrations of OSI-906 by the cellular density of control cells treated with vehicle (DMSO) only. (Only for Reference)

Solubility Information

Solubility	Ethanol: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), H ₂ O: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble), DMSO: 96 mg/mL (227.76 mM), Sonication is recommended. (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
In vivo Formulation	10% DMSO+40% PEG300+5% Tween 80+45% Saline: 3.3 mg/mL (7.83 mM), Sonication is recommended. <i>Please add the solvents sequentially, clarifying the solution as much as possible before adding the next one. Dissolve by heating and/or sonication if necessary. Working solution is recommended to be prepared and used immediately. The formulation provided above is for reference purposes only. In vivo formulations may vary and should be modified based on specific experimental conditions.</i>

Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	2.3725 mL	11.8627 mL	23.7254 mL
5 mM	0.4745 mL	2.3725 mL	4.7451 mL
10 mM	0.2373 mL	1.1863 mL	2.3725 mL
50 mM	0.0475 mL	0.2373 mL	0.4745 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

Reference

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