

## Tubulin polymerization-IN-82

### Chemical Properties

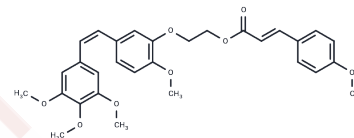
CAS No. : 3067075-77-5

Formula: C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>8</sub>

Molecular Weight: 520.57

Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.



### Biological Description

Description	Tubulin polymerization-IN-82 is a tubulin inhibitor that effectively hinders cell migration and invasion. It induces apoptosis (cellular self-destruction) through pathways mediated by mitochondrial and endoplasmic reticulum stress. Tubulin polymerization-IN-82 exhibits antitumor activity against drug-resistant cancer cells and suppresses tumor growth, making it suitable for liver cancer research.
Targets(IC50)	MMP,Bcl-2 Family,Caspase,Microtubule Associated,ROS
In vitro	Tubulin polymerization-IN-82 (Compound 9n) demonstrates antiproliferative activity against various cell lines at concentrations of 0.039-2.5 μM over 72 hours, with IC50 values of 0.09 μM for HepG-2, 0.25 μM for NCI-H460, 0.20 μM for HCT-116, and 0.18 μM for SK-OV-3. In resistant cells, it shows antiproliferative effects with IC50 values of 0.29 μM for A549/CDDP, 0.45 μM for A549/Paclitaxel, and 0.51 μM for MCF-7/DOX. Tubulin polymerization-IN-82 inhibits tubulin polymerization of purified tubulin at concentrations of 1.25-20 μM over 5-65 minutes, with an IC50 of 3.56 μM. It induces apoptosis in HepG-2 cells by disrupting the microtubule network through mitochondrial and endoplasmic reticulum stress pathways at 1.25 μM and 2.5 μM within 24 hours. The compound also causes G2/M phase cell cycle arrest in a concentration-dependent manner, reduces matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) levels, and induces reactive oxygen species (ROS) generation in HepG-2 cells. Additionally, it increases intracellular Ca <sup>2+</sup> levels and upregulates the expression of p-PERK, p-eIF2α, and CHOP. Tubulin polymerization-IN-82 is hydrolyzed by esterases after 4 hours of carboxylesterase action and remains stable in PBS (pH = 7.4) and DMEM with 1% DMF over 24, 48, or 72 hours.
In vivo	Compound 9n, also known as Tubulin polymerization-IN-82, administered intravenously at doses of 15 or 30 mg/kg over a period of 21 days, effectively inhibits tumor growth in the HepG-2 xenograft model.

### Preparing Stock Solutions

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	<b>1mg</b>	<b>5mg</b>	<b>10mg</b>
1 mM	1.921 mL	9.6049 mL	19.2097 mL
5 mM	0.3842 mL	1.921 mL	3.8419 mL
10 mM	0.1921 mL	0.9605 mL	1.921 mL
50 mM	0.0384 mL	0.1921 mL	0.3842 mL

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Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

**Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins**

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