

## Anti-Propionyl-Histone H3 (Lys56) Antibody (51839)

### Product Details

Ig Type:	IgG
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat
Clone:	51839
Purification:	Antigen affinity purification

### Applications

Verified Activity:	1. Tissue: Human prostate
	Section type: Formalin fixed & Paraffin-embedded section
	Retrieval method: High temperature and high pressure
	Retrieval buffer: Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0
	Primary ab dilution: 1:500
	Primary ab incubation condition: 1 hour at room temperature
	Secondary ab: SP Kit (Rabbit)
	Counter stain: Hematoxylin (Blue)
	Comment: Color brown is the positive signal for TMAB-11787
	2. Tissue: Mouse colon
Section type: Formalin fixed & Paraffin-embedded section	
Retrieval method: High temperature and high pressure	
Retrieval buffer: Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0	
Primary ab dilution: 1:500	
Primary ab incubation condition: 1 hour at room temperature	
Secondary ab: SP Kit (Rabbit)	
Counter stain: Hematoxylin (Blue)	
Comment: Color brown is the positive signal for TMAB-11787	
3. Tissue: Rat colon	
Section type: Formalin fixed & Paraffin-embedded section	
Retrieval method: High temperature and high pressure	
Retrieval buffer: Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0	
Primary ab dilution: 1:500	
Primary ab incubation condition: 1 hour at room temperature	
Secondary ab: SP Kit (Rabbit)	
Counter stain: Hematoxylin (Blue)	
Comment: Color brown is the positive signal for TMAB-11787	
Application:	WB,IHC-P,IHC-Fr,IF
Recommended	WB: 1:500-1000; IHC-P: 1:100-500; IHC-Fr: 1:100-500; IF: 1:100-500

## A DRUG SCREENING EXPERT

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### Properties

Stability & Storage: Store at 2°C-8°C for 1 month. Store at -20°C or -80°C for 12 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping: Shipping with blue ice.

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### Antigen Details

Gene ID: 8350

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### Research Background

Modulation of the chromatin structure plays an important role in the regulation of transcription in eukaryotes. The nucleosome, made up of four core histone proteins (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin. The N-terminal tail of core histones undergoes different posttranslational modifications including acetylation, phosphorylation and methylation. These modifications occur in response to cell signal stimuli and have a direct effect on gene expression. In most species, the histone H2B is primarily acetylated at lysines 5, 12, 15 and 20. Histone H3 is primarily acetylated at lysines 9, 14, 18 and 23. Acetylation at lysine 9 appears to have a dominant role in histone deposition and chromatin assembly in some organisms. Phosphorylation at Ser10 of histone H3 is tightly correlated with chromosome condensation during both mitosis and meiosis.

**Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins**

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