

Anti-Progesterone Receptor Polyclonal Antibody 3

Product Details

Ig Type:	IgG
Reactivity:	Human,Rat (predicted:Mouse,Dog,Pig,Horse)
Molecular Weight:	Theoretical: 103 kDa. Actual: 115 kDa.
Purification:	Protein A purified

Applications

Verified Activity:	<p>1. Blank control (black line): MCF-7. Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody (TMAB-11772) Dilution: 1 µg/Test; Secondary Antibody (white blue line): Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF488 Dilution: 0.5 µg/Test. Isotype control (orange line): Normal Rabbit IgG Protocol</p> <p>The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10 min at room temperature) and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 20 min at -20°C, The cells were then incubated in 5% BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature. Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.</p> <p>2. 25 µg total protein per lane of various lysates (see on figure) probed with Progesterone Receptor polyclonal antibody, unconjugated (TMAB-11772) at 1:1000 dilution and 4°C overnight incubation. Followed by conjugated secondary antibody incubation at r. T. for 60 min.</p>
Application:	WB,FCM
Recommended	WB: 1:500-2000; FCM: 1µg/Test

Properties

Stability & Storage:	Store at 2°C-8°C for 1 month. Store at -20°C or -80°C for 12 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping:	Shipping with blue ice.

Antigen Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide: human Progesterone Receptor
Antigen Species:	Human
Gene ID:	5241
Uniprot ID:	P06401

Research Background

Estrogen and progesterone receptor are members of a family of transcription factors that are regulated by the binding of their cognate ligands. The interaction of hormone-bound estrogen receptors with estrogen responsive elements(EREs) alters transcription of ERE-containing genes. The carboxy terminal region of the estrgen receptor contains the ligand binding domain, the amino terminus serves as the transactivation domain, and the DNA binding

domain is centrally located. Two forms of estrogen receptor have been identified, ER alpha and ER beta. ER alpha and ER beta have been shown to be differentially activated by various ligands. The biological response to progesterone is mediated by two distinct forms of the human progesterone receptor (hPR-A and hPR-B), which arise from alternative splicing. In most cells, hPR-B functions as a transcriptional activator of progesterone-responsive gene, whereas hPR-A function as a transcriptional inhibitor of all steroid hormone receptors.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

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