

## Anti-GAD65+GAD67 Polyclonal Antibody

## Product Details

Ig Type:	IgG
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse (predicted: Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep)
Molecular Weight:	Theoretical: 65+67 kDa.
Purification:	Protein A purified

## Applications

Verified Activity:	<p>1. Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30 min; Antibody incubation with (GAD65+GAD67) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (TMAB-06262) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary for 20 minutes and DAB staining.</p> <p>2. SHSY5Y cell; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed; Triton X-100 at room temperature for 20 min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 20 min; Antibody incubation with (GAD65+GAD67) polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (TMAB-06262) 1:100, 90 minutes at 37°C; followed by a conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG antibody at 37°C for 90 minutes, DAPI (blue) was used to stain the cell nuclei.</p>
Application:	IHC-P, IHC-Fr, ICC/IF, IF
Recommended	IHC-P: 1:100-500; IHC-Fr: 1:100-500; ICC/IF: 1:100-500; IF: 1:100-500

## Properties

Stability & Storage:	Store at 2°C-8°C for 1 month. Store at -20°C or -80°C for 12 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping:	Shipping with blue ice.

## Antigen Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide: human GAD65 + GAD67
Antigen Species:	Human
Gene ID:	2572
Uniprot ID:	Q05329

## Research Background

This gene encodes one of several forms of glutamic acid decarboxylase, identified as a major autoantigen in insulin-dependent diabetes. The enzyme encoded is responsible for catalyzing the production of gamma-aminobutyric acid from L-glutamic acid. A pathogenic role for this enzyme has been identified in the human pancreas since it has been identified as an autoantibody and an autoreactive T cell target in insulin-dependent diabetes. This gene may also play a role in the stiff man syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]

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