

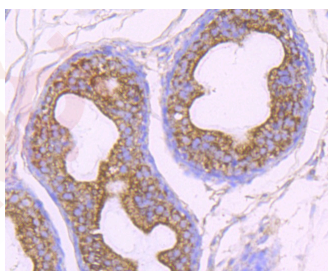
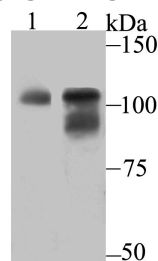
Anti-OGT Antibody (80260)

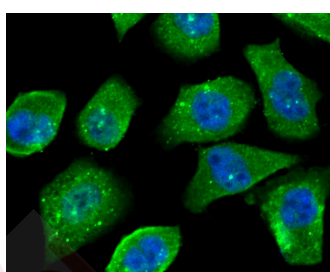
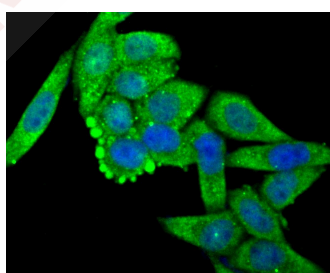
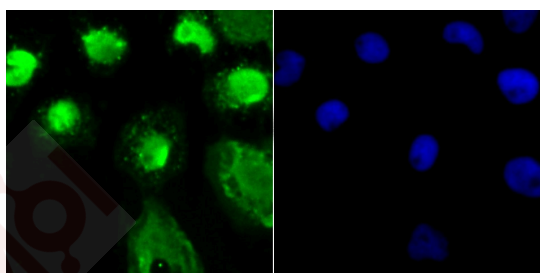
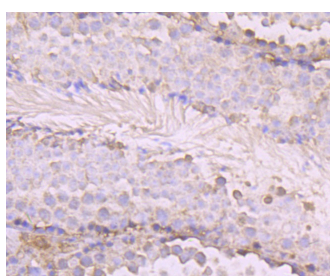
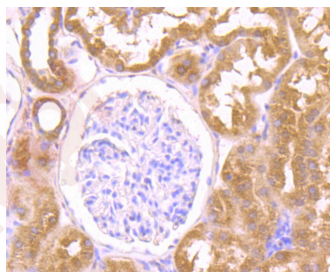
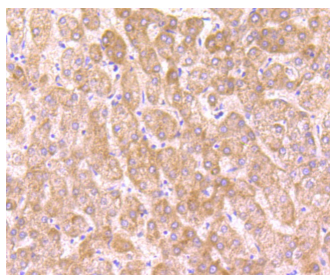
Product Details

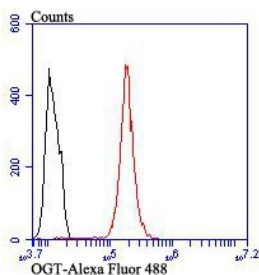
Ig Type:	IgG
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Molecular Weight:	Theoretical: 117 kDa.
Clone:	80260
Purification:	ProA affinity purified

Applications

- Verified Activity:
1. Western blot analysis of OGT on Hela (1) and SiHa (2) cell lysate using anti-OGT antibody at 1/500 dilution.
 2. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat epididymis tissue using anti-OGT antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.
 3. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver tissue using anti-OGT antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.
 4. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human kidney tissue using anti-OGT antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.
 5. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse testis tissue using anti-OGT antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.
 6. ICC staining OGT in A431 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.
 7. ICC staining OGT in Hela cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.
 8. ICC staining OGT in PC-3M cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.
 9. Flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells with OGT antibody at 1/100 dilution (red) compared with an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black). Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody.







Application: FCM, ICC, IF, IHC, WB

Recommended WB: 1:500; IHC: 1:50-200; ICC: 1:500-1000; FCM: 1:50-100

Properties

Stability & Storage: Store at -20°C or -80°C for 12 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping: Shipping with blue ice.

Antigen Details

Immunogen: Recombinant Protein

Uniprot ID: O15294

Research Background

O-linked N-acetylglucosamine (O-GlcNAc) transferase (also designated OGT) catalyzes the addition of a single N-acetylglucosamine in O-glycosidic linkage to serine or threonine residues. Since both phosphorylation and glycosylation compete for similar serine or threonine residues, the two processes may compete for sites, or they may alter the substrate specificity of nearby sites by steric or electrostatic effects. O-GlcNAc transferase has been purified from rat liver. It exists as a heterotrimeric complex with two subunits of the same molecular mass and one shorter subunit. Both polypeptides are related; the short subunit band is either a proteolytic product of the polypeptide or the product of an alternative translation start site. O-GlcNAc transferase is expressed as multiple transcripts that are present in different amounts in various human tissues, with the highest levels of expression in pancreas. Immunofluorescence of human cells expressing rat O-GlcNAc transferase indicated that it is present in both the nucleus and cytosol. HeLa cells expressing O-GlcNAc transferase do not survive well during prolonged incubations, suggesting that this protein may be toxic to the cells.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

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