

## IM-156 acetate

## Chemical Properties

CAS No. : 2043654-54-0

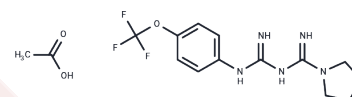
Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

Molecular Weight: 375.35

Store at low temperature

Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.



## Biological Description

Description	IM-156 acetate, an activator of NADH dehydrogenase (IC <sub>50</sub> =2.2 μM) and AMP-activated protein kinase alpha (AMPKα), is an orally available and bioavailable inhibitor of mitochondrial oxidative phosphorylation (OxPhos). IM-156 acetate increases AMPKα activity and inhibits chlorhexadiene-induced peritoneal fibrosis and inhibit tumor growth in rats .
Targets(IC50)	Others
In vitro	IM-156 is an inhibitor of mitochondrial complex I, also known as an activator of NADH dehydrogenase (IC <sub>50</sub> = 2.2 μM) and AMP-activated protein kinase α (AMPKα).[1][2]
In vivo	It reduces the oxygen consumption rate (OCR; IC <sub>50</sub> = 3.3 μM) and decreases mitochondrial ATP production in Eμ-Myc mouse lymphoma cells.1 IM-156 (10, 30, and 50 μM) increases AMPKα activity in primary rat peritoneal mesothelial cells and protects against chlorhexidine-induced peritoneal fibrosis in rats when administered at a dose of 1 mg/kg.2 It reduces tumor growth in an AT-84 murine oral cancer model and decreases age-related decline in novel object recognition, spatial working, and contextual memory in mice.[3][4]

## Solubility Information

Solubility	DMSO: 1 mg/mL (2.66 mM),Sonication is recommended. DMF: 1 mg/mL (2.66 mM),Sonication is recommended. Ethanol: 1 mg/mL (2.66 mM),Sonication is recommended. (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
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### Preparing Stock Solutions

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	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	2.6642 mL	13.3209 mL	26.6418 mL
5 mM	0.5328 mL	2.6642 mL	5.3284 mL
10 mM	0.2664 mL	1.3321 mL	2.6642 mL
50 mM	0.0533 mL	0.2664 mL	0.5328 mL

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Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Note: The dilution table applies only to solid products. For liquid products, please calculate the stock solution based on the stated concentration and/or density.

### Reference

Izreig S, et al. Repression of LKB1 by miR-1792 Sensitizes MYC-Dependent Lymphoma to Biguanide Treatment. *Cell Rep Med.* 2020;1(2):100014.

Ju KD, et al. HL156A, a novel AMP-activated protein kinase activator, is protective against peritoneal fibrosis in an in vivo and in vitro model of peritoneal fibrosis. *Am J Physiol Renal Physiol.* 2016;310(5):342-350.

Lam TG, et al. New metformin derivative HL156A prevents oral cancer progression by inhibiting the insulin-like growth factor/AKT/mammalian target of rapamycin pathways. *Cancer Sci.* 2018;109(3):699-709.

Bang E, et al. The Improving Effect of HL271, a Chemical Derivative of Metformin, a Popular Drug for Type II Diabetes Mellitus, on Aging-induced Cognitive Decline. *Exp Neurobiol.* 2018;27(1):45-56.

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