

## Anti-PDCD6IP Antibody (2I749)

## Product Details

Ig Type:	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity:	Human, Rat
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Clone:	2I749
Purification:	Affinity-chromatography

## Applications

1. Western Blot
  - Positive WB detected in: L02 whole cell lysate, HepG2 whole cell lysate, PC-3 whole cell lysate, U-87 whole cell lysate, Rat Liver whole cell lysate
  - All lanes: ALIX antibody at 1:1000
  - Secondary: Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution
  - Predicted band size: 97, 97, 31 kDa
2. Overlay histogram showing Jurkat cells stained with TMAH-00866 (red line) at 1:50. The cells were fixed with 70% Ethylalcohol (18h) and then incubated in 10% normal goat serum to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody ( $1\mu\text{g}/1*10^6$  cells) for 1 h at 4°C. The secondary antibody used was FITC-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/200 dilution for 30min at 4°C. Control antibody (green line) was Rabbit IgG ( $1\mu\text{g}/1*10^6$  cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10,000 events was performed.

Verified Activity:

-Observed band size: 97 kDa

Application: ELISA, WB, FCM

Recommended WB:1:500-1:5000; FCM:1:20-1:200.

## Properties

Stability &amp; Storage: Store at -20°C or -80°C for 12 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping: Shipping with blue ice.

## Antigen Details

Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide: Human ALIX
Antigen Species:	Human
Gene ID:	10015
Uniprot ID:	Q8WUM4
Synonyms:	ALG-2-interacting protein 1;AIP1;KIAA1375;ALIX;Programmed cell death 6-interacting protein; ALG-2-interacting protein X;Hp95;PDCD6-interacting protein
Biology Area:	Cell biology, Microbiology, Signal transduction

## Research Background

Multifunctional protein involved in endocytosis, multivesicular body biogenesis, membrane repair, cytokinesis, apoptosis and maintenance of tight junction integrity. Class E VPS protein involved in concentration and sorting of

cargo proteins of the multivesicular body (MVB) for incorporation into intraluminal vesicles (ILVs) that are generated by invagination and scission from the limiting membrane of the endosome. Binds to the phospholipid lysobisphosphatidic acid (LBPA) which is abundant in MVBs internal membranes. The MVB pathway requires the sequential function of ESCRT-O, -I, -II and -III complexes. The ESCRT machinery also functions in topologically equivalent membrane fission events, such as the terminal stages of cytokinesis. Adapter for a subset of ESCRT-III proteins, such as CHMP4, to function at distinct membranes. Required for completion of cytokinesis. May play a role in the regulation of both apoptosis and cell proliferation. Regulates exosome biogenesis in concert with SDC1/4 and SDCBP. By interacting with F-actin, PARD3 and TJP1 secures the proper assembly and positioning of actomyosin-tight junction complex at the apical sides of adjacent epithelial cells that defines a spatial membrane domain essential for the maintenance of epithelial cell polarity and barrier. (Microbial infection) Involved in HIV-1 virus budding. Can replace TSG101 in its role of supporting HIV-1 release; this function requires the interaction with CHMP4B. The ESCRT machinery also functions in topologically equivalent membrane fission events, such as enveloped virus budding (HIV-1 and other lentiviruses).

**Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins**

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Tel: 781-999-4286    E\_mail: info@targetmol.com    Address: 34 Washington Street, Wellesley Hills, MA 02481