

## Anti-CD23 Antibody-APC (9L738)

## Product Details

Ig Type:	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity:	Mouse
Conjugation:	APC
Clone:	9L738
Purification:	Protein A

## Applications

Verified Activity:	Flow cytometric analysis of mouse FCER2(CD23) expression on mouse splenocytes. BABL/c splenocytes were stained with APC-conjugated anti-Mouse FCER2(CD23). The histogram were derived from gated events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of viable cells.
Application:	FCM
Recommended	2 µl/Test, 0.1 mg/ml

## Properties

Stability & Storage:	Store at 2°C-8°C for 12 months, do not freeze. Keep away from direct sunlight. Sodium azide is toxic to cells and should be disposed of properly. Flush with large volumes of water during disposal.
Shipping:	Shipping with blue ice.

## Antigen Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant Protein: Mouse CD23 / FCER2 protein (TMPY-02225)
Antigen Species:	Mouse
Synonyms:	Fcer2a;FCER2;Fc fragment of IgE receptor II
Biology Area:	Fc Receptors, ITIM/ITAM Immunoreceptors and Related Molecules

## Research Background

Fc fragment of IgE, low affinity II, receptor for (CD23) or CD23 antigen is a member of the cluster of differentiation family. The cluster of differentiation (cluster of designation) (often abbreviated as CD) is a protocol used for the identification and investigation of cell surface molecules present on white blood cells initially but found in almost any kind of cell of the body, providing targets for immunophenotyping of cells. Physiologically, CD molecules can act in numerous ways, often acting as receptors or ligands (the molecule that activates a receptor) important to the cell. A signal cascade is usually initiated, altering the behavior of the cell (see cell signaling). Some CD proteins do not play a role in cell signaling, but have other functions, such as cell adhesion. CD23/FCER2 is a B-cell specific antigen, and a low-affinity receptor for IgE. It has essential roles in B cell growth and differentiation, and the regulation of IgE production. This protein also exists as a soluble secreted form, then functioning as a potent mitogenic growth factor. Increased levels of soluble CD23/FCER2 cause the recruitment of non-sensitised B-cells in the presentation of antigen peptides to allergen-specific B-cells, therefore increasing the production of allergen specific IgE. IgE, in turn, is known to upregulate the cellular expression of CD23 and Fc epsilon RI (high-affinity IgE receptor).

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Tel:781-999-4286 E\_mail:info@targetmol.com Address:34 Washington Street,Wellesley Hills,MA 02481