

## Anti-IFNAR2 Antibody (9Z301)

### Product Details

Ig Type:	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity:	Human
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Clone:	9Z301
Purification:	Protein A

### Applications

Verified Activity:	Flow cytometric analysis of Human IFNAR2 expression on Jurkat cells. Cells were stained with purified anti-Human IFNAR2, then a FITC-conjugated second step antibody. The fluorescence histograms were derived from gated events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of intact cells.
Application:	FCM
Recommended	FCM: 1:25-1:100

### Properties

Stability & Storage:	Store at 2°C-8°C for 1 month. Store at -20°C or -80°C for 12 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Preservative-Free.
Shipping:	Shipping with blue ice.

### Antigen Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant Protein: Human IFNAR2 Protein (TMPY-01642)
Antigen Species:	Human
Synonyms:	IFNABR;interferon (alpha, beta and omega) receptor 2;IFNARB;interferon ( $\alpha$ , $\beta$ and $\Omega$ ) receptor 2;IFN-R;IFN-alpha-REC;IFN- $\alpha$ -REC

### Research Background

Interferon-alpha/beta receptor beta chain (IFNAR2) is a type I membrane protein that forms one of the two chains of a receptor for interferons alpha and beta. Binding and activation of the receptor stimulate Janus protein kinases, which in turn phosphorylate several proteins, including STAT1 and STAT2. Initial cell-surface IFNAR2 expression at diagnosis assessed by flow cytometry was widely distributed but showed overall significantly higher expression in CML patients when compared with normal controls. In 15 fresh patients who subsequently received IFN $\alpha$  therapy, IFNAR2 expression at diagnosis was significantly higher in cytogenetic good responders than in poor responders. Down-regulation of IFNAR2 expression during IFN $\alpha$  therapy was observed only in good responders but not in poor responders. The encoded protein also functions as an antiviral factor. IFNAR2 may associate with IFNAR1 to form the type I interferon receptor. This protein serves as a receptor for interferons alpha and beta. IFNAR2 is also involved in IFN-mediated STAT1, STAT2, and STAT3 activation. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are directly involved in signal transduction due to their association with the TYR kinase, JAK1. Isoform 3 is a potent inhibitor of type I IFN receptor activity. Following binding of IFN $\alpha$ 2, IFNAR2 is internalized, but, instead of being routed towards degradation as it is when complexed to IFN $\beta$ , it recycles back to the cell surface.

**Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins**

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