

Anti-Galectin-1 Antibody (9N494)

Product Details

Ig Type:	Mouse IgG1
Reactivity:	Human
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Clone:	9N494
Purification:	Protein A

Applications

Verified Activity:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Immunochemical staining of human Galectin1 in human placenta with mouse monoclonal antibody (1:60, formalin-fixed paraffin embedded sections).2. Immunochemical staining of human Galectin1 in human lung cancer with mouse monoclonal antibody (1:60, formalin-fixed paraffin embedded sections).
Application:	IHC-P
Recommended	IHC-P: 1:50-1:200

Properties

Stability & Storage:	Store at 2°C-8°C for 1 month. Store at -20°C or -80°C for 12 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Preservative-Free.
Shipping:	Shipping with blue ice.

Antigen Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant Protein: Human Galectin-1 protein (TMPY-00976)
Antigen Species:	Human
Synonyms:	GBP;GAL1;Galectin-1;lectin, galactoside-binding, soluble, 1

Research Background

Galectin-1 (Gal-1, GAL1), is a member of the galectins, a family of animal lectins ranging from *Caenorhabditis elegans* to humans, which is defined by their affinity for beta-galactosides and by significant sequence similarity in the carbohydrate-binding site. It is a homodimer with a subunit molecular mass of 14.5 kDa, which contains six cysteine residues per subunit. The cysteine residues should be in a free state to maintain a molecular structure that is capable of showing lectin activity. This endogenous lectin widely expressed at sites of inflammation and tumor growth has been postulated as an attractive immunosuppressive agent to restore immune cell tolerance and homeostasis in autoimmune and inflammatory settings. On the other hand, galectin-1 contributes to different steps of tumor progression including cell adhesion, migration, and tumor-immune escape, suggesting that blockade of galectin-1 might result in therapeutic benefits in cancer. Several potential glycoprotein ligands for galectin-1 have been identified, including lysosome-associated membrane glycoproteins and fibronectin, laminin, as well as T-cell glycoproteins CD43 and CD45. Evidence points to Gal-1 and its ligands as one of the master regulators of such immune responses as T-cell homeostasis and survival, T-cell immune disorders, inflammation, and allergies as well as host-pathogen interactions.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

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