

SMARCA4 Protein, Human, Recombinant (His)

General Information

Synonyms:	ATP-dependent helicase SMARCA4;SNF2B;SWI/SNF-related matrix-associated actin-dependent regulator of chromatin subfamily A member 4;BRG1-associated factor 190A (BAF190A);Mitotic growth and transcription activator;BAF190A;SMARCA4;Transcription activator BRG1;Protein BRG-1;Protein brahma homolog 1;SNF2L4;SNF2-beta;BRG1
Protein Construction:	700-1246 aa
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	P. pastoris (Yeast)
Accession:	P51532
Molecular Weight:	64.8 kDa (predicted)
AA Sequence:	EVDARHIIENAKQDVDDDEYGVSQLARGLQSYAVAHAVTERVDKQSALMVNGVLKQYQIKGLEWLVSLYN NNLNGILADEMLGKTIQTIALITYLMEHKRINGPFLIIVPLSTLSNWAYEFDKWAPSVVKVSYKGSAAARRAFV PQLRSGKFNVLLTTYEYIIKDKHILAKIRWKYMIVDEGHRMKNHHCKLTQVLNTHYVAPRRLLLTGTPLQNKLP ELWALLNLLPTIFKSCSTFEQWFNAPFAMTGEKVDLNEEETILIRRLHKVLRPFLRRLKKEVEAQLPEKVEYVI KCDMSALQRVLYRHMQAQGVLLTDGSEKDKKGGTKTLMNTIMQLRKICNHPYMFQHIEESFSEHLGFTGG IVQGLDLYRASGKFELLDLILPKLRATNHKVLVLLFCQMTSLMTIMEDYFAYRGFKYLRLDGTTKAEDRGMLLKT NEPGSEYFIFLLSTRAGGLGLNLQSADTVIIFSDWNPHQDLQAQDRAHRIGQQNEVRVLRRLCTVNSVEEKIL AAAKYKLNVDQKVIQAGMFDQKSSSHERRAF

QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Activity has not been tested. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first.
Purity:	> 90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU/μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Formulation:	Tris-based buffer, 50% glycerol

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:

A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) containing reconstitution instructions is included with the products. Please refer to the CoA for detailed information.

Stability & Storage:

Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

Involved in transcriptional activation and repression of select genes by chromatin remodeling (alteration of DNA-nucleosome topology). Component of SWI/SNF chromatin remodeling complexes that carry out key enzymatic activities, changing chromatin structure by altering DNA-histone contacts within a nucleosome in an ATP-dependent manner. Component of the CREST-BRG1 complex, a multiprotein complex that regulates promoter activation by orchestrating the calcium-dependent release of a repressor complex and the recruitment of an activator complex. In resting neurons, transcription of the c-FOS promoter is inhibited by SMARCA4-dependent recruitment of a phospho-RB1-HDAC repressor complex. Upon calcium influx, RB1 is dephosphorylated by calcineurin, which leads to release of the repressor complex. At the same time, there is increased recruitment of CREBBP to the promoter by a CREST-dependent mechanism, which leads to transcriptional activation. The CREST-BRG1 complex also binds to the NR2B promoter, and activity-dependent induction of NR2B expression involves the release of HDAC1 and recruitment of CREBBP. Belongs to the neural progenitors-specific chromatin remodeling complex (npBAF complex) and the neuron-specific chromatin remodeling complex (nBAF complex). During neural development, a switch from a stem/progenitor to a postmitotic chromatin remodeling mechanism occurs as neurons exit the cell cycle and become committed to their adult state. The transition from proliferating neural stem/progenitor cells to postmitotic neurons requires a switch in subunit composition of the npBAF and nBAF complexes. As neural progenitors exit mitosis and differentiate into neurons, npBAF complexes which contain ACTL6A/BAF53A and PHF10/BAF45A, are exchanged for homologous alternative ACTL6B/BAF53B and DPF1/BAF45B or DPF3/BAF45C subunits in neuron-specific complexes (nBAF). The npBAF complex is essential for the self-renewal/proliferative capacity of the multipotent neural stem cells. The nBAF complex along with CREST plays a role regulating the activity of genes essential for dendrite growth. SMARCA4/BAF190A may promote neural stem cell self-renewal/proliferation by enhancing Notch-dependent proliferative signals, while concurrently making the neural stem cell insensitive to SHH-dependent differentiating cues. Acts as a corepressor of ZEB1 to regulate E-cadherin transcription and is required for induction of epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) by ZEB1. Binds via DLX1 to enhancers located in the intergenic region between DLX5 and DLX6 and this binding is stabilized by the long non-coding RNA (lncRNA) Evf2. Binds to RNA in a promiscuous manner. Binding to RNAs including lncRNA Evf2 leads to inhibition of SMARCA4 ATPase and chromatin remodeling activities.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

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