

Intelectin-1/ITLN1 Protein, Human, Recombinant (His & Myc)

General Information

Synonyms:	ITLN1;Endothelial lectin HL-1;Intestinal lactoferrin receptor;Intelectin-1;LFR;ITLN;INTL;Galactofuranose-binding lectin;Omentin;ITLN-1
Protein Construction:	19-298 aa
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Accession:	Q8WWA0
Molecular Weight:	38.6 kDa (predicted)
AA Sequence:	TDEANTYFKEWTCSSPSLPRSCKEIKDECPSAFDGLYFLRTENGVIYQTFCDMTSGGGGWTLVASVHENDMRGKCTVGDRWSSQOGSKAVYPEGDGNWANYNTFGSAEAATSDDYKNPGYYDIQAKDLGIWHVFNKSPMQHWRNSSLLRYRTDTGFLQTLGHNLFGIYQKYPVKYGEKGCWTDNGPVPVVYDFGDAQKTASYSPYQREFTAGFVQFRVFNNERAANALCAGMRVTGCNTEHHCIGGGGYFPEASPQCGDFSGFDWSGYGTHVGYG

QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Activity has not been tested. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first.
Purity:	> 85% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU/μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Formulation:	If the delivery form is liquid, the default storage buffer is Tris/PBS-based buffer, 5%-50% glycerol. If the delivery form is lyophilized powder, the buffer before lyophilization is Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0.

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:

Reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile deionized water. The product concentration should not be less than 100 μg/mL. Before opening, centrifuge the tube to collect powder at the bottom. After adding the reconstitution buffer, avoid vortexing or pipetting for mixing.

Stability & Storage:

Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

Lectin that specifically recognizes microbial carbohydrate chains in a calcium-dependent manner. Binds to microbial glycans that contain a terminal acyclic 1,2-diol moiety, including beta-linked D-galactofuranose (beta-Galf), D-phosphoglycerol-modified glycans, D-glycero-D-talo-oct-2-ulosonic acid (KO) and 3-deoxy-D-manno-oct-2-ulosonic acid (KDO). Binds to glycans from Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria, including *K. pneumoniae*, *S. pneumoniae*, *Y. pestis*, *P. mirabilis* and *P. vulgaris*. Does not bind human glycans. Probably plays a role in the defense system against microorganisms (Probable). May function as adipokine that has no effect on basal glucose uptake but enhances insulin-stimulated glucose uptake in adipocytes. Increases AKT phosphorylation in the absence and presence of insulin. May interact with lactoferrin/LTF and increase its uptake, and may thereby play a role in iron absorption.

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