

CAMK2D Protein, Human, Recombinant (His)

General Information

Synonyms:	CAMKD;CAMK2D;Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II subunit delta;CaMK-II subunit delta;CaM kinase II subunit delta
Protein Construction:	2-499 aa
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Accession:	Q13557
Molecular Weight:	63.1 kDa (predicted)
AA Sequence:	ASTTTCTRFTDEYQLFEELGKGAFSVVRRRCMKIPTGQEYAAKIINTKKLSARDHQKLEREARICRLLKHPNIVRL HDSISEEGFHLYLFDLVTGGELFEDIVAREYYSEADASHCIQQILESVDNHCHLNGIVHRDLKPENLLLASKSKGA AVKLADFGLAIEVQGDQQAWFGFAGTPGYLSPEVLRKDPYGKPVDMWACGVILYILLVGYPPFWDEDQHRL YQQIKAGAYDFPSPEWDTVTPEAKDLINKMLTINPAKRITASEALKHPWICQRSTVASMMHRQETVDCLKKF NARRKLGAILTTLATRNFSAAKSLLKKPDGVKESTESSNTTIEDEDVKARKQEIIKVTEQLIEAINNGDFEAYT KICDPGLTAFEPEALGNLVEGMDFHRFYFENALS KSNKPIHTIILNPHVHLVGDDAACIAYIRLTQYMDGSGMP KTMQSEETRVWHRRDGKWQNVHFHRSGSPTVPIKPPCIPNGKENFSGGTSLWQNI

QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Activity has not been tested. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first.
Purity:	> 85% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU/μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Formulation:	If the delivery form is liquid, the default storage buffer is Tris/PBS-based buffer, 5%-50% glycerol. If the delivery form is lyophilized powder, the buffer before lyophilization is Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0.

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution:

Reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile deionized water. The product concentration should not be less than 100 μg/mL. Before opening, centrifuge the tube to collect powder at the bottom. After adding the reconstitution buffer, avoid vortexing or pipetting for mixing.

Stability & Storage:

Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

In general, lyophilized powders are shipped with blue ice, while solutions are shipped with dry ice.

Protein Background

Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase involved in the regulation of Ca(2+) homeostasis and excitation-contraction coupling (ECC) in heart by targeting ion channels, transporters and accessory proteins involved in Ca(2+) influx into the myocyte, Ca(2+) release from the sarcoplasmic reticulum (SR), SR Ca(2+) uptake and Na(+) and K(+) channel transport. Targets also transcription factors and signaling molecules to regulate heart function. In its activated form, is involved in the pathogenesis of dilated cardiomyopathy and heart failure. Contributes to cardiac decompensation and heart failure by regulating SR Ca(2+) release via direct phosphorylation of RYR2 Ca(2+) channel on 'Ser-2808'. In the nucleus, phosphorylates the MEF2 repressor HDAC4, promoting its nuclear export and binding to 14-3-3 protein, and expression of MEF2 and genes involved in the hypertrophic program. Is essential for left ventricular remodeling responses to myocardial infarction. In pathological myocardial remodeling acts downstream of the beta adrenergic receptor signaling cascade to regulate key proteins involved in ECC. Regulates Ca(2+) influx to myocytes by binding and phosphorylating the L-type Ca(2+) channel subunit beta-2 CACNB2. In addition to Ca(2+) channels, can target and regulate the cardiac sarcolemmal Na(+) channel Nav1.5/SCN5A and the K+ channel Kv4.3/KCND3, which contribute to arrhythmogenesis in heart failure. Phosphorylates phospholamban (PLN/PLB), an endogenous inhibitor of SERCA2A/ATP2A2, contributing to the enhancement of SR Ca(2+) uptake that may be important in frequency-dependent acceleration of relaxation (FDAR) and maintenance of contractile function during acidosis. May participate in the modulation of skeletal muscle function in response to exercise, by regulating SR Ca(2+) transport through phosphorylation of PLN/PLB and triadin, a ryanodine receptor-coupling factor.

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