

GLUL Protein, Human, Recombinant (His)

General Information

Synonyms:	GLUL;GS;Glutamine Synthetase;Glutamate-Ammonia Ligase;GLNS;Glutamate Decarboxylase
Protein Construction:	Thr2-Asn373
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Accession:	P15104
Molecular Weight:	40-50 KDa (reducing condition)
AA Sequence:	Thr2-Asn373

QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Activity has not been tested. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first.
Purity:	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. (QC verified)
Endotoxin:	< 0.1 ng/μg (1 EU/μg) as determined by LAL test.
Formulation:	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 200 mM NaCl, 50 mM Imidazole, pH 8.0.

Preparation and Storage

Stability & Storage:

Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Shipping:

Proteins are shipped with blue ice.

Protein Background

Glutamine Synthetase regulates intracellular concentration of glutamate. Glutamine Synthetase catalyzes the synthesis of glutamine from glutamate and ammonia. Glutamine is an important source of energy and that takes part in cell proliferation, inhibition of apoptosis, and cell signaling. Glutamine Synthetase is expressed during early fetal stages, and has a role in maintaining body PH by removing ammonia from circulation. Mutations in the GLUL gene are related to congenital glutamine deficiency.

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