

## F13A Protein, Human, Recombinant (His)

### General Information

Synonyms:	F13A1;Coagulation Factor XIII A Chain;Transglutaminase A Chain;F13A;Protein-Glutamine Gamma-Glutamyltransferase A Chain;Coagulation Factor XIIIa;Protein-Glutamine $\gamma$ -Glutamyltransferase A Chain
Protein Construction:	Gly39-Met732
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293 Cells
Accession:	AAH27963.1
Molecular Weight:	80-90 KDa (reducing condition)
AA Sequence:	Gly39-Met732

### QC Testing

Biological Activity:	Activity has not been tested. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first.
Purity:	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. (QC verified)
Endotoxin:	< 0.1 ng/ $\mu$ g (1 EU/ $\mu$ g) as determined by LAL test.
Formulation:	Supplied as a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution of 50 mM NaCl, 5% Sucrose, 0.3% Histidine, pH 8.0.

### Preparation and Storage

#### Stability & Storage:

Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

#### Shipping:

Proteins are shipped with blue ice.

### Protein Background

Coagulation factor XIII is the last zymogen to become activated in the blood coagulation cascade. Plasma factor XIII is a heterotetramer composed of 2 A subunits and 2 B subunits. The A subunits have catalytic function, and the B subunits do not have enzymatic activity and may serve as plasma carrier molecules. Platelet factor XIII is composed of just 2 A subunits, which are identical to those of plasma origin. Upon cleavage of the activation peptide by thrombin and in the presence of calcium ion, the plasma factor XIII dissociates its B subunits and yields the same active enzyme, factor XIIIa, as platelet factor XIII. This enzyme acts as a transglutaminase to catalyze the formation of gamma-glutamyl-epsilon-lysine crosslinking between fibrin molecules, thus stabilizing the fibrin clot. Factor XIII deficiency is classified into two categories: type I deficiency, characterized by the lack of both the A

## A DRUG SCREENING EXPERT

---

and B subunits; and type II deficiency, characterized by the lack of the A subunit alone. These defects can result in a lifelong bleeding tendency, defective wound healing, and habitual abortion.

**Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins**

This product is for Research Use Only · Not for Human or Veterinary or Therapeutic Use

Tel:781-999-4286 E\_mail:info@targetmol.com Address:34 Washington Street,Wellesley Hills,MA 02481