

Gliotoxin-13C13

Chemical Properties

CAS No. :

Formula:

Molecular Weight:

Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year

Actual storage temperature shall be subject to the COA.

Biological Description

Description	Gliotoxin-13C13 is intended for use as an internal standard for the quantification of gliotoxin by GC- or LC-MS. Gliotoxin (TN1694) is an immunosuppressive mycotoxin produced by pathogenic strains of <i>Aspergillus</i> and other fungi with diverse biological activities. ^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8} It inhibits 20S proteasomal chymotrypsin activity (IC ₅₀ = 10 μM), blocking the degradation of IκBα and preventing the activation of NF-κB. ^{2,3} Gliotoxin induces apoptosis in monocytes and dendritic cells and reduces phagocytosis by neutrophils. ^{4,5} It suppresses viral infection by Nipah and Hendra virus in HEK293T cells (IC ₅₀ s = 149 and 579 nM, respectively). ⁶ Under reducing conditions, gliotoxin inhibits leukotriene A ₄ hydrolase epoxide hydrolase activity, but not aminopeptidase activity, and leukotriene B ₄ synthesis in neutrophils and monocytes. ⁷
Targets(IC ₅₀)	Others
In vivo	In vivo, gliotoxin (5 mg/kg) reduces LTB ₄ plasma levels and blocks peritoneal neutrophil infiltration in a mouse model of peritonitis induced by zymosan A. It also inhibits geranylgeranyltransferase I and farnesyltransferase (IC ₅₀ s = 17 and 80 μM, respectively). ⁸

Solubility Information

Solubility	Acetonitrile: 3 mg/mL, Sonication is recommended. (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
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Reference

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